



THE VERNON NEWS

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CANADA'S SHARE OF INDEMNITY

Sir George Perley Will Represent the Dominion at the Spa Conference.

DOMINIONS WILL CONFER

Premier Lloyd George Has Summoned Representatives From Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa to Meet in London Prior to the Conference at Spa and Discuss Questions Arising Out of War Claims.

Ottawa, May 26.—What Canada is to get in the way of indemnity will probably be settled at the coming conference in Spa, at which Sir George Perley is to represent Canada. The proposal is that different parts of the Empire shall be indemnified for expenditures in proportion to what they spent in comparison with expenditures of Great Britain. As our expenditures were about two billion, and those of Great Britain about thirty billion, we shall likely receive about one-fifth of the amount received by the mother country. At most, it will be small compared with our expenditures.

London, May 26.—Premier Lloyd George has summoned representatives of four British Dominions—Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa—to meet with the cabinet in London to discuss questions arising out of war claims against Germany. This meeting will be held before the Spa Conference between the Allies and Germany.

Confectionery Taxes.
Washington, May 26.—The Department of Inland Revenue has issued the following definition of confectionery in connection with the new taxes:

Confectionery includes candied peel, candied popcorn, candied fruits, candied nuts, sweetened cocoa and chocolate paste or "liquor" in blocks or cakes weighing one pound or less, and pies, cakes, biscuits or other pastry coated or iced.

An excise tax of ten per cent. is payable on the confectionery at the time of sale by Canadian manufacturer or when imported. The tax does not apply, however, to confectionery exported.

Credentials Presented.
Washington, May 26.—Sir Auckland Geddes, the new British Ambassador, formally presented his credentials to President Wilson today at the White House. Sir Auckland had been waiting since April 21 to be formally received. His predecessor, Viscount Grey, who came to Washington last October, departed again without laying his credentials before the President.

The Prince in Australia.
Melbourne, Australia, May 26.—The thickest fog of the year actuated some of the dramatic features of the first landing of the Prince of Wales on Australian soil. The "Renown" had arrived at Port Phillip Island, but was unable to negotiate the narrow, rocky rip. When the fog finally cleared, tidal conditions were unfavorable for the great battleship, and the Prince accordingly transferred to the fast destroyer Anzac. A million people were gathered to meet the Prince in Melbourne. They had come from all parts of the Commonwealth for the welcoming festivities. A threatened tram strike had been averted, and city residents and country visitors formed a vast sea of humanity along the crowded shore-fronts in the vicinity of Rye. It was two hours after official time that the Prince, with his entourage, came ashore. The Anzac raced through the Heads, but great crowds waited with patience undisturbed, and the alacrity of the Prince in coming ashore and entering upon his programme reduced delay so that when the procession formed they were only eighty minutes behind time. Long puffs of smoke issued from the gun turrets and sustained cheering as the Prince moved among the route through the city's suburbs and into its business streets.

Inquiry Ordered.
Vancouver, May 26.—The Dominion Air Board has ordered an inquiry into the airplane crash at Minoru Park Monday, in which E. H. Beazley was killed. Major Claire McLaren, Col. Richard Bell-Irving and Major Scott Williams have been appointed to hold the investigation.

Shin Feln Activities.
London, May 26.—The most remarkable feature of the Irish situation at the present moment is the thorough manner in which the Shin Feln has captured the machinery of legal administration in the South and West of Ireland. Not only is this true in criminal cases or in disputes involving ownership of land, but also in business transactions, normally adjusted by county court judgments and sheriff's writs. The Feln have definitely superseded these laws process. Details are published of an extraordinary case of a farmer who owed a merchant £300. He pleaded inability to pay. It transpired that the debtor had invented £100 in Irish Republic war bonds, and the creditor, justly enough, complained that this political movement was being used as a refuge by people well able to pay their debts. Right here the Shin Feln stepped in. The farmer was court-martialed and found guilty of conduct tending to bring the Republic into contempt. He was sentenced to one month hard labor on his own farm, and this punishment is being carried out under the supervision of Republican volunteers. Cases having similar features are being dealt with in the country. Prisoners liberated by the Shin Feln, after serving their sentences, either can not or will not reveal the location of secret internment camps, although all agree that their prison treatment is just as rigorous and just as humane as might be expected.

A VANCOUVER TRAGEDY

E. H. Beazley—Killed by Fall From Airplane at Minoru Park.

Vancouver, May 26.—Before the eyes of about 200 spectators, including his wife and father-in-law, E. H. Beazley, manager of the Union Steamship Company, met with a plane crash on Monday, in which E. H. Beazley was killed. Major Baker, the pilot, was terribly lacerated about the face, but otherwise escaped serious injury.

SENATE OBJECTS

Little Probability That President Wilson's Recommendation Regarding Armenia Will Be Carried Into Effect.

Washington, May 26.—Strong opposition to the request of President Wilson that this country assume a mandate over Armenia was in evidence today. Democrats, as well as Republicans, declared that the project has small chance of obtaining Senate approval, and that, at least for a long time to come, the President's request will remain pigeon-holed in the Senate Foreign Relations Committee. Senators asserted that the people of the country do not want to accept a mandate. William Jennings Bryan came out flatly against the President's proposal, indicating thereby something of the opposition that may develop to the President's foreign policies when the Democratic convention meets.

BIG CELEBRATION FOR NEXT THURSDAY

Hospital Field Day on June 3 Promises to Provide Big Programme of Entertainment.

Under the auspices of the Women's Auxiliary of the Vernon Jubilee Hospital and the Vernon Amateur Athletic Association, a big field day will be put on here next Thursday, June 3, and this big birthday celebration will serve the double purpose of furnishing a fine programme of entertainment and assisting the finances of the hospital, an institution in which residents of all parts of the district should be interested.

In former years this event has been eminently successful, last season the receipts running to about \$1500. This year an objective of \$2000 has been set, and if hard work on the part of the women's organizations can accomplish this, they will certainly reach their goal.

Championship Games.
Big crowds are expected from far and near to witness the championship games of baseball, lacrosse, football and tennis, which will be held in the park, and something well worth seeing in this line may be promised with absolute confidence.

In the curling rink, adjoining the Seventh Street entrance to the park, there will be a continuous succession of interesting events, including a vaudeville show that nobody should miss. Among other attractions, arrangements have been made for a Japanese tea room, a balloon booth conducted by the Major Muttie Chapter, I.O.O.F.E., a Scotch home cooking booth by the Women's Institute, a produce booth by the Oyanama Women's Institute, a plant and flower booth by the Red Cross Society, ice cream, soft drinks and cigarette booth by the Navy League, "Aunt Sally" and shooting gallery by the G. W. V. A. There will also be fortune tellers, Shetland ponies for the kiddies to ride and a rest room will be fitted up in the curling rink. The day's proceedings will be brought to a happy termination by a dance at night in the armory under the auspices of the local lodge of Elks.

Providing that the weather is propitious this should prove to be as successful an affair as the kind and as has ever been held in Vernon, and even should it rain, the curling rink will provide shelter and entertainment for the large crowd which will turn out on this occasion.

DAYLIGHT SAVING FOR VANCOUVER

Vancouver, May 22.—Following forces with commercial bodies advocating daylight saving for Vancouver starting Sunday night, May 23, the City Council Thursday afternoon agreed to the plan. The council adopted the idea of setting the clock an hour ahead at Sunday midnight, and agreed to do whatever is legal and possible to make the acceptance of the scheme general throughout the city.

Representations were made to the council that the schools, the postoffice, the B. C. E. R. and the C. P. R. so far as local activities were concerned, were agreeable to join the advanced time plan always provided it could be made the general thing.

Previous objections had brought forward the objection that unless the public schools advanced their time a "mixup" would occur in every home. The aldermen took the stand yesterday that this objection had been overcome.

COLDSTREAM COUNCIL MEETING

A special meeting of the Municipal Council was held on Wednesday, May 19th last, the Reeve and all the Councilors being present.

Mr. A. L. McCulloch, C.E., of Nelson reported to Council the result of his preliminary investigations with respect to a supplementary supply to the domestic waterworks.

The vacancy created by the resignation of Mr. E. J. Sunderland was brought up for discussion and the appointment of Mr. Denton was recommended by the chairman of the Roads and Waterworks Committee. Mr. Denton being duly appointed. The meeting then adjourned.

ORIENTAL PROBLEM AIRED AT CALGARY

H. B. Morley of Penticton Brings Question Up Before the Western Boards of Trade Convention.

Calgary, Alta., May 20.—Western Columbia delegates to the British Columbia Board of Trade convention put up a stiff fight yesterday to obtain the endorsement of the other boards to the stand they have taken regarding Oriental ownership of lands, but while about a quarter of a mile from the hangar, Major Baker, the pilot, was terribly lacerated about the face, but otherwise escaped serious injury.

It was natural perhaps that those delegates representing points farthest away from British Columbia and not at present confronted by the Oriental question to any degree should be the ones to vote the strongest opposition to the convention endorsing the stand taken by the British Columbia boards.

The Brandon delegates led the faction opposed to demanding the absolute exclusion of Orientals from the land. J. P. Kilgour in particular, raising a strenuous objection to the adoption of a resolution in which the Orientals were characterized as "undesirable."

Spreading Rapidly in B. C.
Mr. H. B. Morley, of Penticton, the mover of the resolution, pointed out that Oriental ownership of land was spreading rapidly in British Columbia and that the process of ousting the white settlers from the land was a simple but very effective one. So effective was it, he declared, that within the next ten years the entire Okanagan Valley might be controlled by the Orientals. It was an easy matter for a Japanese to buy a choice piece of property at a figure considerably higher than the prevailing price, knowing that each subsequent purchase made in that district would be at a much lower figure since the white people moved out once the Orientals gained a footing.

Mr. Morley reviewed the case as it was presented to the boards of trade in Vancouver recently, mentioning the rumor regarding the purchase of the famous Coldstream No. 1 Trask, still regarded as a possibility. No action for not taking action could be sufficient to justify it, he declared. Every portion of British Columbia was alive to the seriousness and said that neglect would lead to grave results.

Mr. W. Wilkinson, of Regina, although himself a farmer, stated that he had recently purchased a small ranch near Nelson and the short experience he had had there was enough to convince him of the absolute necessity for speedy action.

Mr. Kilgour voiced doubts as to the outcome of such a step on the part of the convention, even hinting of the serious possibilities of the question from an international point of view and stating that such questions as the need of a standing army and a navy might have to be considered, if such a policy as that suggested was adopted.

Mr. T. W. Fletcher, of Vancouver, expressed himself emphatically in favor of the adoption of the resolution as it was framed, mentioning that ownership of land in the Orient was not such an involved question for the Japanese as it was for Canada.

After considerable discussion the chair appointed a committee consisting of those prominent on both sides with the result that a resolution was later offered and adopted by the convention in which the request was simply made to the Federal Government for a thorough investigation into the matter with a view to devising some means to bring about a solution.

TO MANUFACTURE FRUIT BY-PRODUCTS

O. U. G. Will Have Vernon Cannery and Evaporator in Operation This Season.

In order that none of the by-products of the orchards need be wasted, the Okanagan United Growers have for some time had under consideration the project of erecting a cannery and evaporating plant here, and this scheme will now be carried into effect without delay.

Mr. W. J. McDowall, secretary-treasurer of the O. U. G., informs the News that the site for the new plant, which will be located on Pine Street, has been purchased, and it is expected that the contract for the building will be let during the next few days. The factory should be in operation by August, says Mr. McDowall, and for this year will consist of an evaporator with 8 kettles, and a cannery. Only apples will be evaporated this season as machinery for the evaporation of other fruits is not available for present delivery. This season's product will consist, therefore, of canned and evaporated apples, apple butter, apple jelly, apple sauce and a limited quantity of cider.

Issue of Stock.
The building, which will be about 125 by 140 feet in size, will have over 200 feet of track facilities, being situated close to the railway on lots opposite those occupied by the Canadian Pacific Warehouse. The nominal capital of the company is placed at \$100,000 of which \$45,000 will be issued in fully paid stock. This issue of stock is confined to the O. U. G. its affiliated boards and to growers under contract to them. The stock will be sold subject to the right of recall, and may thus from growers who cancel their contracts.

The provisional directors of the company are: J. T. Muller, E. Trask, E. R. Simpson, E. J. Chambers, T. Powell, L. J. Proctor, E. M. Caruthers and R. Arnott.

W. A. Ferguson will be the manager and W. J. McDowall the secretary-treasurer, the name of the new organization being The O. U. G. Fruit Products Co. Ltd.

SPRING ASSIZES NOW IN SESSION

No Criminal Cases on Calendar Over Which Chief Justice Hunter Presides.

GAVIN VS. K. V. RAILWAY

Case for Damages Occasioned by Collision Between Train and Automobile at Penticton in June, 1917, Comes Up for New Trial After Having Been Twice Appealed—Two Other Civil Actions and Three Applications for Divorce Constitute the Docket at This Court.

The Spring Assizes opened here on Tuesday afternoon before Chief Justice Hunter. There are no criminal cases on the calendar, but the session is likely to be a somewhat lengthy one as one of the civil cases, Gavin vs. the Kettle Valley Railway, is expected to extend over several days.

Other civil actions to be tried are Rastick vs. McNair, an action in which damages are claimed for the loss of a leg, and a case for damages for a divorce from his wife, as is A. C. Wood of the same place. Nellie McClaffin of Revelstoke is applying for a divorce from her husband, Ivan Keith McClaffin.

The Gavin Case.
The case of Duncan Gavin vs. the K. V. R. is likely to develop into a battle royal, between opposing counsel, as this is the third time it has been heard. At the Fall Assizes here in 1917, Mr. Gavin first brought the action, which has since been appealed to the British Columbia Court of Appeal and taken from there to the Supreme Court of Canada at Ottawa. It now comes back here for re-trial.

A. H. McNeill, K.C., of Vancouver, with Martin Griffin appear for the plaintiff, while the defendants' counsel is E. P. Davis, K.C., of Vancouver, along with N. F. Tunbridge of Penticton. From a special jury summoned for the following were selected to try the case: J. T. Muller (foreman), E. Trask, M. S. Middleton, E. A. Davey, A. J. Caesar, L. H. Beamish, J. T. Godwin and A. T. Howe.

The action is for damages to a motor car driven by Mrs. Gavin, which was struck at a railway crossing in Penticton by a Kettle Valley train on June 9, 1917. It is held by the plaintiff that Mrs. Gavin was an experienced driver, that at the crossing where the accident occurred the view of the approaching train was obscured by trees and a house, that the train was not well enough equipped for emergencies of this kind, and was not stopped promptly, and it should have been to avoid the accident.

In the car at the time were Mrs. Gavin, her little boy and a nurse. Although she claims to have put on all brakes as soon as she saw the train, it was only brought to a standstill when the front wheels were on the railway track, where it was struck, pushed to the sidewalk, and overturned. The occupants were badly shaken up and had to be taken to the hospital. The car was wrecked, and the damages claimed in the first action were \$1635, the cost of the car less \$150 offered for the remains.

The Defence.
The defence is that Mrs. Gavin was not a competent driver; that the auto should have been stopped by her before it reached the track; that she did not exercise proper care in the matter of looking out for the train; also that the train had all the equipment required by law, and that its officials exercised due vigilance and performed their duties promptly.

Damages Awarded.
In the first trial here before Mr. Justice McDonald the jury awarded damages to the plaintiff amounting to \$1485 with a recommendation that on account of the dangerous nature of the crossing the obstructive trees and view should be removed. In replying to a series of questions put to the jury they, however, found that Mrs. Gavin did not look carefully to the right (the side where the trees were), and the defence claiming that this constituted contributory negligence on her part, appealed the case, which after passing through two higher courts now comes back for a fresh trial.

POOR MARKET FOR WOOL AND HIDES

L. V. Sander, the local hide and wool merchant, reports advice from Chicago, Boston and other points, indicating a very quiet market in these articles, with a steady downward tendency. Large supplies of wool in England and other countries are partly responsible for the quietness in the price. A Boston circular says that "the whole market has gone to sleep, and when it will wake up nobody knows." At a sale of Merino wool in Liverpool last week good wools were off 5 per cent., average wools 7 1/2 per cent., and poor wools 10 per cent.

MR. WADE TALKS OF RETIREMENT

Vancouver, May 24.—F. C. Wade, Agent-General for British Columbia in the British Isles, with headquarters in the British Columbia House in London, has written friends in Vancouver to the effect that he contemplates giving up the post and returning to this city to re-engage in his law practice.

Mr. Wade gives as his reason the attacks that have been made on the maintenance of British Columbia House on the score of extravagance.

BRITAINS OIL FIELDS SERIOUSLY MENACED

Red Invasion of Persia Likely to Lead to Big Shortage of Petroleum Products.

London, May 24.—One aspect of the troubled relations between Great Britain and Russia is the latest move of the Bolsheviks in invading Persia and threatening Mesopotamia. After capturing Baku and Batum and seizing several million pounds worth of oil, the Bolsheviks are now advancing into Northern Persia and seriously endangering British oil interests in that country and Mesopotamia. From the appearance of affairs today, it seems as if the Bolsheviks themselves have decided to contest by armed force Britain's oil monopoly in the Near East.

It Is An Oil War.
Oil is undoubtedly at the bottom of the latest Bolshevik attack upon the British zone of influence and if evidence is needed to support this, it is abundantly supplied by the Moscow wireless station, which boasts almost daily of the oil districts occupied by the Soviet forces and the oil supplies confiscated.

The irony of the present situation is that while Great Britain is conferring with Soviet representatives, both in London and Copenhagen, with the object of resuming trade relations, and the Lord Curzon, secretary of state for foreign affairs, appeals to Moscow to agree to a speedy conclusion of hostilities in the Crimea, the Moscow Government officially receives a British labor delegation in the Kremlin and sends appeals by wireless to the British proletariat to revolt.

Britain's Passive Policy.
Thus, while permitting secret diplomatic flirtations to go on between the British Government and the British Government, and while listening to Lord Curzon's appeals for amnesty for Denikin's army, the Soviet Government attempts in two places to strike a decisive blow at the British Empire, in Persia and Mesopotamia, and in direct appeals to the British proletariat to establish a dictatorship.

How long the British Government will continue its passive policy no one knows, but the Polish offensive and the Bolshevik invasion of Persia may shortly bring the issue to a head.

No Intervention.
The British consider that they can not intervene in Persia because of the lack of men. It is even reported today that an important opinion in Downing Street favors giving up the Mesopotamian adventure and pressing there. As regards the Polish offensive against the Bolshevik it is again emphasized that Lloyd George discouraged it and will countenance no aid to Poland now. He regards the attack as a fool adventure.

While the Bolshevik invasion of Persia seriously upsets plans upon which the Turkish treaty was drawn upon the hope of separating disturbing elements in Russia from Islam by the barrier of a few states in which the British-influenced Persia had an important role, it is considered that the Polish offensive has made impossible continuation of delicate negotiations between London and Moscow. These negotiations undoubtedly were opening the wedge for a real peace with Russia, based upon the growing belief that the Moscow government is inclined more and more to assume a civilized role.

RED DELEGATES ARE RECEIVED IN LONDON

London, May 22.—Seven delegates of the Russian Soviet Government have arrived here to confer with British officials regarding trade. They were formally received by a representative of the foreign office.

TO STANDARDIZE ALL HOSPITALS

Dr. C. R. Ponton of Vancouver Gives an Interesting Address to Directors of Local Institution.

Dr. C. R. Ponton of the Vancouver General Hospital, addressed the directors of the Vernon Jubilee Hospital, and others interested in this institution, on Tuesday afternoon, May 24, at a meeting held in the hospital. His address was on the subject of hospital standardization, as applied mainly to the keeping of complete and proper records. His purpose in visiting the smaller hospitals was not with the idea of attempting to suggest ways of conducting these in a manner better than those now in operation, but more particularly to find out what records are being kept, and to assist in introducing uniform systems throughout the province, so that all details may be secured, when required, of any particular case of special interest. Dr. Ponton gave instances of the great value of such records in the Vancouver General Hospital, where very complete information is filed away in a systematic manner, which information added very materially in the care and treatment of patients, and was of value to hospital work generally. He emphasized the fact that hospitals were first and foremost for the patients, and anything which would tend to add in the better treatment and care of the patients should be given the greatest consideration.

He also pointed out the manner in which the Vancouver General Hospital was prepared to co-operate with the smaller hospitals, and expressed the hope that full advantage would be taken of the facilities thus available.

The doctor also drew attention to the beneficial work being done by the B. C. Hospital Association, and strongly recommended the sending of delegates to the convention to be held in June, and assisting in the transaction of the business and the discussions which will take place.

Several questions were asked by directors and others at the conclusion of the address, and dainty refreshments were served by the Lady Superintendent and nurses.

HERRERO THE GOAT

Mexican Commission Places on Him the Responsibility for Carranza's Murder.

Mexico City, May 21.—Blame for the assassination of former President Venustiano Carranza was definitely placed upon Rodolfo Herrero and his followers in a report made today by the commission sent to Tlaxcalantongo by General Alvaro Obregon to investigate Carranza's death.

The commission in making its report, urged that a formal hearing be held, declaring such action necessary to establish Herrero's motive, and the responsibility of individual members of his band, as well as to determine the conduct of Carranza's Cabinet members, his friends and defenders, who accompanied him in his flight. Herrero carefully planned his coup, he then betrayed, the commission declared.

AUTHORIZES LOAN FOR PROSPECTORS

Victoria, May 24.—A loan of \$50,000 to the British Columbia department of mines under the Hon. William Sloan was authorized on Friday at the meeting of the advisory council of the department of industries. The \$50,000 is to be used to send out twenty-five parties of returned soldiers as prospectors to explore and discover mineral wealth in various parts of the province. The department of mines will undertake the supervision and carrying out of the scheme. A large number of other applications for industrial loans were considered by the board, which adjourned to meet in Vancouver on Friday, May 28.

DAIRYMEN WILL MEET AT ARMSTRONG

Programme of Interest to Stockmen of the District Arranged For Next Thursday.

Starting at Salmon Arm on the morning of the second of June, a party of representative dairymen and agriculturists will tour the Okanagan winding up with a banquet at Kelowna. A luncheon will be given the party, which will number about fifty, at Salmon Arm, whence they will proceed to take part in the Dairymen's convention at Armstrong. It is hoped that they may stop over for a while at Vernon on their way to Kelowna.

The Armstrong Programme.
Following is the programme which will be followed at the Armstrong convention:

10 A. M.
Lecture and Demonstration: "Sterility and Abortion in Dairy Cattle." Dr. T. H. Jagger, V.S., Vancouver.

12 to 2:30 P. M.
Lunch at Farmers' Institute picnic. Short address will be given by the Hon. E. D. Barrow, Minister of Agriculture, Dr. K. C. MacDonald and others.

2:30 P. M.
Address: "Crops for the Silo." G. H. Hutton, Superintendent Animal Industry Branch, C.P.R., Kelowna.

"Cow" Demonstration. Prof. W. T. McDonald, Live Stock Commissioner, Victoria, B.C.

Dairy Cattle Judging Competition for boys and girls. Prizes: \$5.00, \$10.00, \$20.00, \$10.00.

INTERMEDIATE LACROSSE LEAGUE
The Vernon boys travelled to Salmon Arm last Saturday and suffered their first defeat, 4-2.

Salmon Arm has a good team who know the game and handle their sticks well—too well our boys thought. Rough checking was something new to our team, but they could not get on the game till after half-time when it was too late.

In the first quarter there was no scoring although Salmon Arm had most of the play and missed scoring only through the good work of Richards in goal. The Salmon Arm passing was ably aided by the fact that our boys were inclined to do. The rough ground and slippery grass were rather a handicap to both teams.

In the second quarter Powell nearly scored in the first minute, the ball bounding just over the goal. Salmon Arm then took up the pressure and although the defence played well, Richards saved many shots. Salmon Arm scored three goals while Powell scored once for us.

The boys were getting tired of the slugging of the opposing defence and in the third quarter they mixed it a little more freely with the result that the play was fairly even. Salmon Arm had the edge, however, and scored their fourth goal near the end of the period.

In the fourth period Vernon not only held their own but scored the only goal during the period through a clever effort by Muller.

The defeat will stimulate the boys to practice and to learn from the senior team the fine points of the game.

Goal Summary.
First quarter—No scoring.
Second quarter—Salmon Arm, 2 min.; Vernon, 3 min.; Salmon Arm, 5 min.; Salmon Arm, 7 min.

Third quarter—Salmon Arm, 10 min.; Vernon, 4 min.; Salmon Arm, 10 min.

On Saturday first Salmon Arm will play us here. The game will start at 3 p.m. Every lover of sport who wishes to encourage the younger boys will be on hand to root and to give the boys a good send-off in their first home game.

VERNON WEATHER.

Max. Min.
Following are the daily readings of the thermometer for the week as taken by A. L. C. Madden at his local observatory:
May 19 63 36
" 20 64 33
" 21 69 46
" 22 62 31
" 23 63 44
" 24 61 42
" 25 64 35

BIG OPENING OF SEASON'S SPORTS

League Games Get Off With a Good Start at Kelowna on Victoria Day.

VERNON IN FULL FORCE

Many Citizens Accompany Local Players to the Orchard City and Witness a Fine Programme of Games—Vernon Wins in a Snappy Exhibition of Baseball, but Kelowna Pulls Off Honors in Lacrosse, Football and Firemen's Sports.

League games of baseball and lacrosse got off with a fine start on Victoria Day, at Kelowna, when the Vernon and "Orchard City" teams met for the first time this season. The football league, which opened its programme for the season at Lumby a couple of weeks ago, also put on a good game, while firemen's sports and other athletic events rounded out a very satisfactory programme.

There must have been fully a thousand Vernonites in attendance, and loaded cars, trucks and other vehicles streamed out in a steady line along the Kelowna road during the morning hours.

Vernon succeeded in pulling off a victory in baseball by a score of 12 to 4, but was not so lucky in the other games. Kelowna won in lacrosse by 3 to 2, and in football by 2 to 1, while the Vernon Fire Brigade was successful in only one event, the ladder test. Everybody thoroughly enjoyed the day, however, and the Vernon Amateur Athletic Association has good reason to feel well satisfied with their efforts to inaugurate a season of valley sport.

The Ball Game.
The Vernon Baseball Team won the opening league game of the season. Well supported by a host of local fans, the boys played good ball and turned in a victory to the tune of 12 to 4.

The boys, who have been practising faithfully, showed that Vernon has a ball team which merits the support it received from the rosters at Kelowna on Monday. As previously stated, Manager Browne had a difficult task in selecting the best team from the large number of players who had been turning out, but the showing of the boys indicated that they have a real live manager in the person of Mr. Browne.

The boys in their new uniforms presented a fine appearance, and made all the fans present feel proud that they were members of the V. A. A.

The game was replete with snappy plays, and it took the Vernon team until the seventh inning to get on the base end of the score. DeHart, for Kelowna, pitched a clever game and received good support from his teammates. The Vernon team played in mid-season form and it would be difficult to select the star performer. The Vernon battery, Black and Stinton, worked well together, and should be commended for turning a lot of games for the home town this year.

Box Score.
AB R H PO A B
McLeod, c.f. 6 1 1 3 0 0
Lynch, c. 5 4 2 2 0
Scotton, r.f. 5 1 2 0 1 0
Forester, s. 5 0 0 1 0 1
Burrows, 2.b. 5 3 2 0 1 0
Wilson, l.f. 5 1 1 2 1 1
Atkinson, 2.b. 5 1 1 4 0 1
Stilms, 1.b. 5 1 0 5 0 1
Black, p. 5 0 0 10 2 0

46 12 17 7 4

AB R H PO A B
Patterson, s.s. 5 2 1 2 3 0
Pumferton, c.f. 5 0 1 2 0 0
Carney, r.f. 5 0 0 1 0 0
O'Leary, 3.b. 5 2 1 1 1 1
DeHart, p. 4 0 1 6 4 0
McDonald, c. 4 1 1 0 2 0
Folker, 2.b. 4 0 0 3 0 1
Monford, 1.b. 4 1 1 12 0 2
Kinchell, l.f. 4 0 0 0 0 0

40 4 9 17 7 4

Summary.—Three base hits, Burrows, Patterson. Left on bases: Vernon, 6; Kelowna, 7. Hit by pitched ball, by Black 2, by DeHart 3. Base on balls off Black, 1.

Notes on the Game.
Black pitched his usual steady game. Kelowna has a strong team and on a good diamond will be hard to beat.

The Vernon boys came home satisfied that they have the best athletic grounds in the interior.

It was good to see the different Vernon teams rooting for each other.



Megaw-Smithers Motor Co.

VERNON, B. C.



Another Carload of Chevrolet Cars Just Arrived

To be practical, automobiles must be economical. It should cost an owner but little more to use his car than to use public transportation utilities. The demand today is for motors built to make every bit of gasoline count—to cut waste to a minimum—easily accessible, to save delays and expense in adjustments. Cars that afford economical transportation—that are built and equipped for this purpose—are real utilities and are in the greatest demand.

Such a car is the Chevrolet.

CALL, PHONE OR WRITE. Arrange for Demonstration

Equipment: Model 490:

Electric lights and starter, highest type two-unit system, single wiring used. Complete lamp equipment; top cover and side curtains tilted without shield; speedometer; electric horn; extra rim and carrier on rear; complete tool equipment, including pump and jack. Foot rest, robe rack, pockets in each door.

\$1185.00
AT VERNON

Vernon Fruit Union

City Delivery Free. Phone 181. SEVENTH ST.

Growers are requested to place orders for
SEEDS AND FERTILIZER
as early as possible

Sell Your Furniture to Advantage

I have a client who wants to buy three, four or five rooms of furniture at your price. Here's a chance for you with absolutely no trouble or expense. These goods are not wanted for a month, but you can have the cash and use them till wanted.

I am open to buy anything you have to sell, and guarantee best prices. Try my quotations. You take the cash, I do the work.

KAINES

THE OLD ESTABLISHED FIRM

Box 304

VERNON

Phone 227

Goods sold on commission.

Furniture stored.

SEED OATS

AND SEED WHEAT

W. R. MEGAW
has now in stock, Dominion Government Inspected Seed Oats and Seed Wheat, at lowest cash prices. Also feed oats and coast hay. Cash for grain; bran and shorts sacks. Apply at

Palace Livery

Trancon and Mission Streets

NURSES ADVISE

Zam-Buk, because they have proved that it does what is claimed for it. Miss E. L. Dorsey, graduate nurse, of 3220 Michigan Ave., Chicago, says: "I have a patient who suffered terribly with piles. Zam-Buk is the only remedy that gave her relief."

"I have used Zam-Buk myself for the same ailment, also for sores and burns, and have the greatest confidence in it."

Zam-Buk



Use Royal Crown Soap and Save the Coupons

PEOPLE OF PRAIRIES FIGHT GRASSHOPPERS

Winnipeg, May 24.—Active steps are being taken by the Manitoba and Saskatchewan governments to combat the grasshopper menace to the Western crops. In Manitoba the locusts are reported in the Melita district in millions, and no effort is being spared to get rid of the pests.

The Saskatchewan Department of Agriculture has purchased 50,000 gallons of molasses, 90 tons of arsenic, 1,000 tons of bran and two carloads of lemons, and large quantities are being transported to the needy spots, to be used in the fight against the grasshopper plague.

Owen—I'm surprised at your refusing me that loan. One friend should always help another.

Oke—True, but you always want to be the other.

PROVINCIAL AND GENERAL

Germany's floating debt is increasing by three to four million marks a month.

The Prince Rupert Lumber Company has received an order to ship 1,500,000 feet of Sitka spruce to England via Montreal.

There are 1,927 employees in the inside service of the Ministry Department, according to a return tabled in the House by Hon. Mr. Guthrie.

Forest fire patrols in the Rocky Mountains and on the Pacific Coast will be undertaken shortly by government civil air stations at Vancouver and at Morley, Alta.

Permission for the construction of a railway north of the Great Slave Lake to take care of reported oil sands was agreed to by the railway committee of the Commons last week.

Canadian cents of the new size were struck at the mint for the first time last week. The first two coins minted were presented by the master of the mint to Sir Thomas White.

At present the richest gold field in the world is in South Africa, which yielded in 1910 a value of \$175,000,000, somewhat exceeding the combined yield of the United States and Australia.

Chow-Shuma, a personal friend of President Hsu Shih Chang, of China, has been entrusted with the re-organization of the cabinet, made necessary through the illness of Premier Chin Yun-Peng.

President Wilson has appointed John Barton Payne, Secretary of the Interior, as director-general of the railroad administration to succeed W. D. Hines, whose resignation became effective May 15.

Mr. John Galt, president of the Union Bank of Canada, has stated that he bought the residence of Mr. F. Nation, Rockland Avenue, Victoria, for \$50,000. The house is of modern and picturesque design and one of the most beautiful in Victoria.

The Duke of Devonshire's house in Piccadilly, one of the oldest and most famous in London, has been sold for one million guineas to British interests. It is proposed to demolish the old place and erect a restaurant, dancing hall and moving picture house.

Efforts are to be made to get the Oliver-Elliott libel suit on for hearing before a Victoria jury, before the courts adjourn on July 31 for the two months summer vacation, according to Joseph Oliver, son and solicitor for the Premier. In the now famous suit against Mr. A. T. Elliott, K.C.

Shortage of manpower for Manitoba farms exists in spite of the fact that wages this year are the highest ever paid for farm help. J. A. Bowman, provincial superintendent of immigration, said recently. Experienced men are offered \$75 to \$80 and board. Places at this wage are open for 300 or 400 men.

A large number of coal dealers from various parts of Canada appeared before the board of railway commissioners last week protesting against the action of the railway companies which bring coal from the United States and demand that the freight charges on the Canadian portion of the haul should be paid in United States money.

"Montie Mollie," a shorthorn cow, owned by T. B. MacAulay, Hudson Heights, near Montreal, has broken the Canadian record for the Shorthorn breed. In a government test of one year she gave 16,816 pounds of milk with 711 pounds of butter-fat. She comes of a good milking strain, and her sire was bred from heavy milkers.

Increases in French revenue from indirect taxation and state monopolies are again shown for the month of April in a statement issued by the Department of Finance. The total amount received from these sources during the month was 1,067,190,000 francs, or 59 per cent, in excess of the corresponding figure for April, 1914.

It is probable that the Hudson's Bay Company will take steps to erect a monument over the grave of Simon Fraser, the famous explorer of the Fraser and Thompson Rivers. His grave at St. Andrews, a hamlet six miles north of Cornwall, Ont., now lies unmarked. Col. Donald MacGregor, interviewed Sir Robert Kinsler, governor of the Hudson's Bay Company, at Vancouver last week, in relation to the matter. The latter intimated that the company would be willing to bear the whole expense, or share it with the British Columbia pioneers.

American investors have bought more than \$4,000,000 worth of foreign securities since May, 1914.

Fifteen Saskatchewan schools have already obtained the special Government grant for noon hot-lunch equipment.

Large and beautiful amethysts, hitherto unknown in the United Kingdom, have recently been found in Wales.

Flight Commander John De Penier, of the Imperial flying forces, son of Rt. Rev. J. De Penier, Bishop of New Westminster, was killed last week in a flying accident at Cologne, Germany.

A branch of the Poultrymen's Union of British Columbia has been opened at Victoria where the business of this co-operative marketing association originating on Vancouver Island will be handled.

In reply to P. R. Du Tremblay, Laurier-Outramont, in the House, Sir Robert Borden announced that Canada would have a representative present at the final conference to determine the disposal of war indemnities to be paid by Germany.

Seven-cent fare, with an additional cost for transfers, looked as a strong possibility for Seattle's municipal street railway system as the outcome of a conference between members of the City Council and the city advisory board called by the mayor.

Hon. John Oliver and Mrs. Oliver have announced the engagement of their eldest daughter, Alice, to Mr. Charles E. Callow, of Seattle, and formerly of Victoria. The wedding will take place on June 26 at the First Presbyterian Church, Victoria.

The Daily Mail's correspondent with the Prince of Wales, writing from Dundee, N. Z., says that his Royal Highness, after visiting India in the winter, will return via the Straits Settlements, China, Japan and Canada, where he will visit his Alberta ranch, rejoining the Renown at Halifax.

The Minister of Labor has established a board of conciliation to investigate the dispute between the Winnipeg Electric Railway Company and its gas workers. Judge R. H. Myers has been appointed chairman of the board; C. E. Daffoe will represent the company, and R. S. Ward the employees.

While crossing the Quesnel River at a spot where the current is about 15 miles an hour, Lester V. Marsh was drowned last week. The young man was attempting to string a wire cable for a ferry, and was swept away. He was the only son of S. J. Marsh, manager of the Cariboo Gold Platinum Extracting Company, and only recently returned from overseas.

An increase of \$32,633,172 in the grand total of Canadian trade for the month of April, the first month of the new fiscal year, as compared with April, 1919, is shown by the trade bulletin issued from the customs department. The trade of Canada during the last month reached a total value of \$154,161,134, as compared with \$121,527,962 for the same month a year ago.

Vancouver's bank clearings for the week ending last Thursday, amounting to \$16,080,699, show a gain of \$4,468,673 over last year, when the total was \$11,612,026. Two years ago this week the clearings were \$10,156,268. Victoria's clearing for the current period are \$2,906,578, against \$2,097,523 a year ago, while New Westminster's figures are \$723,093 this week, compared with \$590,815 a year ago.

Peking despatches report that the Chinese Government has decided not to negotiate direct negotiations with Japan for the restoration of Shantung, and that the Chinese Government has announced it will not negotiate with Austria and Germany for the transfer to China of the Central Powers' rights in Tientsin and Hankow, but would open to the world the concessions formerly held by the Central Powers in those cities.

The latest figures issued by the Soldier Settlement Board of Canada show that up to April 10 loans amounting to \$10,871,215 had been approved for this province out of a total of \$55,894,115 for the Dominion. Only two other provinces, Alberta and Saskatchewan, lead. The number of settlers' loans approved for British Columbia is 2,592; the number of men established on the land 2,387 and the number qualified to go on the land 4,528.

The recent announcement of the Canadian Wheat Board that participation certificates would be worth at least 40 cents has created quite a stir on the prairies. Officials of the Saskatchewan Government estimate that it will mean \$22,000,000 to the province, while in Manitoba the figure is set at \$20,000,000. Large numbers of the certificates had been lying in elevators, and the farmers not bothering to take them home. At Brandon alone elevator companies were holding \$24,000 worth.

Strong disapproval of employees of the Provincial Government writing letters to the newspapers publicly criticizing statements made by members of the Legislature was expressed by Premier Oliver when he was asked about the letter P. C. Wade, K.C., Agent-General for British Columbia in London, wrote to a Vancouver newspaper last week, challenging statements by J. B. Cowper, M.L.A., on the floor of the Legislature when the proposal was made to abolish the London office.

Approximately \$85,000,000 will be expended on building in Western Canada during 1920, and if a good crop is gathered the figure will be considerably extended, according to Mr. R. Whittemore, manager of the Maclean, Daily Reports, Limited, Toronto. Mr. Whittemore returned to Winnipeg last week from a two months' tour of the west, where he has been investigating building conditions. Manitoba's building programme for 1920 involves an expenditure of approximately \$25,000,000.

Lieutenant-Governor Lionel Clarke of Ontario has received a telegram from Thomas Mulvey, Under Secretary of State, Ottawa, with reference to: "It is His Majesty's wish that his birthday should be celebrated on June 3 in overseas dominions, colonies and protectorates. The nature of the ceremony to be observed will be left to the decision of the King's representatives and inhabitants, but His Majesty desires that any unnecessary expense be incurred. The celebration in the United Kingdom will be observed June 4."

In the season recently ended Natal produced about 185,000 tons of manufactured sugar, a record amount.

American exports for April decreased \$135,000,000, while imports fell off \$30,000,000, as compared with the trade figures of March.

The United Farmers of Victoria and Haliburton have decided to contest the federal seat at the next election against Sir Sam Hughes and any Liberal that may be nominated.

Raymond Poincare has resigned his membership in the reparations commission. Louis Dubois has been appointed French delegate in his place.

A despatch from Prince Rupert announces that the strike which tied up Dolly Varden mine operations a week or two ago has been settled and work has been resumed.

The death occurred at Macleod last week of Duncan John Campbell, pioneer. He came to that town from St. Hilaire, Quebec, in 1882, and was first postmaster and first sheriff.

The sum of \$1,493,121.11 was overdue and owing to the Federal Government on December 31, 1919, on account of advances made to farmers in the prairie provinces for the purchase of seed grain. This information was given by the Government in answer to a question by J. H. Sinclair (Antigonish and Guysboro).

The ancient institution of Lloyd's is greatly perturbed over the United States Shipping Board's insistence to transfer the classification certificates of American ships from Lloyd's to the American Bureau of Shipping. The decision is regarded as the opening round of a gigantic struggle between the world's marine underwriters, the supremacy of which hitherto has been England's.

Premier Bell, in delivering his budget speech in the P. E. I. Legislature last week, estimated the expenditure at about \$740,000 and revenue at \$300,000 more. Last year the actual expenditure was \$739,000, but the revenue was only \$406,000. In order to provide for the big shortage in revenue, it was necessary to levy additional taxes. The new taxation bill, which is now almost through second reading, will give between \$250,000 and \$300,000 additional revenue.

Mayor R. H. Gale was recently presented with a particularly handsome gold watch and chain by several members of the Vancouver City Council. The inscription on the case reads: "In recognition of valuable services rendered to the city." The presentation was made by Alderman Crane, and replied to in his best style and happiest vein by the Mayor. The aldermen particularly paid tribute to what the Mayor had accomplished for the city on his recent trip to Ottawa.

Madrid is mourning because her favorite toreador, Gallito, was killed by a bull last week at the Plaza de Toros while attempting to save a fellow toreador. The newspapers issued special editions to tell of the event, and a bull fight that was scheduled in connection with King Alfonso's birthday was abandoned. Gallito was 23 years old, and had amassed a fortune of eight million pesetas in the ring. He had killed 1,470 bulls in the arena, and taken part in 674 corridas.

Lord Tredegar is much upset over the cable report from San Francisco that his son and heir, Hon. Evan Morgan, is hurrying home for the purpose of renouncing all claim to the family estate in Wales and titles in order that he might enter a monastery. Morgan achieved reputation as a poet, served during the war in the Welsh Guards, and later was attached to the Paris peace conference. He was born in 1892. The Tredegar estates comprise over 40,000 acres and are very valuable.

The cost of food in Great Britain up to May 1st had risen to 146 per cent. above the pre-war level, and there is a prospect of its going still higher, says Charles A. McCurdy, Minister of Food. In an official statement issued last week, Mr. McCurdy, however, points out that the price of food in England is still lower than in France, Italy and Sweden and says it is not much higher than in the United States. The Labor Gazette estimates that the cost of living, including food, clothing, fuel, light and rents is now 141 per cent. over that before the war.

LIVESAY BECOMES GENERAL MANAGER

J. F. B. Livesay, Formerly of Winnipeg, to Be Head of Canadian Press.

Toronto, May 22.—Daily newspaper publishers to the number of between forty and fifty, from every part of the Dominion, from Sydney to Victoria, attended Wednesday the very successful special general and annual meetings of the Canadian Press, the co-operative and mutual organization of Canada for the supply of domestic and foreign news services that includes within its organization every daily paper. Problems of internal administration and finances were thoroughly canvassed and satisfactory solutions were reached. Proposals for an improved cable service, to be entirely within the control of the Canadian Press were advanced. The Canadian newspapers, as a body, although grateful to the British Government for its offer of financial aid, decided, however, that they could not, in self-respect, burden the British taxpayers, but were prepared, from their own resources, and by continuation of aid received from the Ottawa Government, to develop a service of inter-imperial cable news. Directors were elected as follows:

Maritime division—G. Fred Pearson, Halifax Chronicle, and J. D. Black, Fredericton Gleaner.

Ontario and Quebec—H. Gagnon, Quebec City Le Soleil; C. P. Crandall, Montreal Star; John Scott, Montreal Gazette; E. Norman Smith, Ottawa Journal; T. Stewart Lyon, Toronto Globe; Irving E. Robertson, Toronto Telegram; T. H. Preston, Brantford Expositor; and H. H. Pickett, London Advertiser.

Western division—E. H. Macklin, Manitoba Free Press; R. L. Richardson, Winnipeg Tribune; T. Burford Hooker, Regina Leader; J. H. Woods, Calgary Herald; and Griffith Hughes, Victoria Times.

REAL ESTATE

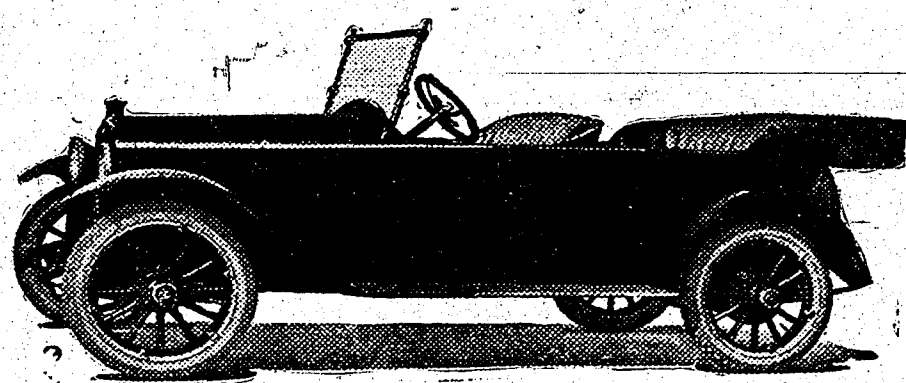
Phone 402. P. O. Box 342.
320 ACRES—6 miles from Vernon; half mile from school; 100 acres watered by springs; 10 acres cleared and 8 acres seeded to hay; 2 acres in fruit and vegetables; 10 acres more cleared and ready for stumping; 100 acres fenced for pasture. Four-roomed house with summer kitchen; stable for 5 head; timber enough to pay for place. Price \$7,500 on good terms.
160 ACRES—4 miles from Lumby; 30 acres cleared and cultivated; partly fenced. Good 5-roomed house; large barn and sheds. Plenty of water from springs. Price \$2,500; 1-3 cash and the balance over 2 to 4 years at 5%.
22 ACRES—2 1/2 miles from Vernon; 10 acres in bearing orchard, 10 years old; about 3 or 4 acres more could be planted. Best of soil. Fenced. Price \$4,800 on good terms.
5-ROOMED HOUSE, plastered and cement foundation; large cellar; 2 lots 50 ft. x 100 ft. each. House painted and in good repair. Price \$1,600; 1-3 cash and the balance arranged.
3-ROOMED HOUSE AND LOT, all fenced; woodshed. Price \$400; \$100 cash, balance arranged.
WE HAVE SOME SLENDID FARMS in central Alberta, well improved, for sale or exchange for Okanagan property.

C. A. McWILLIAMS

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
Barnard Ave., Opposite Empress Theatre, VERNON, B. C.

VERNON GARAGE

Phone 67. ACCESSORIES AND REPAIRS. Russell Block, P. O. Box 459. Barnard Ave.



HUPMOBILE CARS

are the cheapest cars on the road to run—10,000 miles on a set of tires; 23 miles to 1 gallon of gasoline; 200 miles to 1 quart of oil. Why buy a cheap car? It costs too much to run.

REPAIRS DEPARTMENT

We have the best mechanics in the valley to do your repairs. We sent to England to get them, they are now in our repair shop, and we are now in a position to give better service and better work than ever.

ACCESSORIES

We carry the largest assortment of Accessories in the Interior; if you want anything we can supply you. We now have the Dunlop Cord Tires for the Ford car, also demountable wheels; make your Ford up-to-date.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR VERNON CREAMERY BUTTER

Beginning June 1st we will pay all transportation charges.

Cream for the Vernon Creamery left at Lavington Store or on Vernon-Lumby Main Road will be gathered by Thomas Warner.

FRESH BUTTERMILK, 10c per gallon
Three gallons for 25c.

THE VERNON CREAMERY

CREAM

Butter Fat, 70c per lb. from May 15

Write to or call on—
Okanagan Grocery Co., Kelowna Creamery, Ltd.,
Vernon, B. C. Kelowna, B. C.

BUTTER

Kelowna Creamery Brand for sale by Okanagan Grocery, Vernon.

We Have the Maxwell Touring Cars and Trucks

also some good buys in second-hand cars—four Fords; one Cadillac made into a light truck. All thoroughly overhauled. Will be sold cheap for cash.

Auto Repairs of all kinds by skilled mechanics.
All work guaranteed.
Pay us a visit.

QUIN FOSHER

212 Seventh St.

1917, resigned to become assistant managing editor of the Toronto Telegram, and J. F. B. Livesay, assistant general manager since 1917, with headquarters in Winnipeg, and acting general manager since last November, was appointed general manager in his stead.

ADVANCE FARES FOR DOMESTICS

Manitoba Will Spend \$7500 on Plan to Bring Out British Girls.

Winnipeg, May 24.—As a result of representations made to the provincial government by Mrs. Charles Robertson, who has recently returned from Great Britain, where she was sent by the federal department of immigration to enquire into the outlook for the emigration of British women to Canada, Hon. Valens Winkler announced today the intention of the Manitoba Gov-

ernment to undertake a policy of advanced fares for bona fide domestics. "For the present and because the undertaking will be more or less of an experiment, it has been decided," said Mr. Winkler, "to limit the operation of the policy to 100 women. The advance to each woman will approximate from 50 to 75 per cent. of the fare, and the Government is providing for an expenditure of \$7500 this year. It is hoped that these women will be secured through co-operation between the provincial and federal departments of immigration."

"The fact that I am a good musician," said a country lady, "was the means of saving my life during the flood in our town a few years ago." "How was that?" asked the young lady who sang. "Well, when the water struck our home my husband got on the folding bed and floated down the street till rescued." "And what did you do?" "Why, I accompanied him on the piano."

Owing to the Holiday on May 24th the store will remain open this afternoon till 6 p.m.

Store will be closed all day Thursday, June 3rd, King's Birthday.



New Arrivals

CALIFORNIAN FRUIT-CONFECTION
Orange and Lemon Slices, Marmalade and Fruit, has the entire fruit flavors, and is delicious! Try it! 1/2 lb. for.....40c
Ganong's Smooth Almonds—1/2 lb. for.....40c

MONTH-END CLEAN-UP SALE

Friday, Saturday and Monday three red letter days of opportunity with many broken lines and remnants to clean up. Prices are considerably lower for quick clearance

Month-End Shoe Bargains

The early run on white canvas shoes makes it necessary for us to clean up a number of broken lines this month-end. The sizes of every line are quoted below so that you can secure just the size you require at great savings.

SAVINGS FOR MEN
A chance like this with the whole season before you comes but once. Don't miss it.
Men's and Boys' Canvas Oxfords and Boots with durable rubber composition soles. Some are white, others palm beach. Regular prices \$3.50 to \$4.50.
Month-End Special, per pair \$2.75
Shop early for these.

SAVINGS FOR WOMEN
Women's White Canvas Pumps with military canvas covered heels and rubber soles, also with rubber heels and rubber composition soles in Mary Jane style. Regular price \$3.25 per pair.
Month-End Special.....\$2.50
Girls' sizes, 11 to 2, in same styles as above. Month-End Special.....\$2.15
Child's sizes, 8 to 10 1/2.....\$1.75
Infants' sizes, 3 to 6 1/2.....\$1.65
Month-End Special, per pair.....\$1.35

BOYS' RUNNING SHOES SPECIAL
Boys' Rubber Sole Canvas Running Shoes, White, Black and Brown. Sizes 8 to 13, per pair.....\$1.25
Size 1 to 3, per pair.....\$1.50

MEN'S TENNIS AND OUTING SHOES
Rubber sole Canvas Oxfords, white and brown. Reg. up to \$2.75.
Month-End Special.....\$1.65
Rubber Sole Canvas Bal Boots—Month-End Special.....\$1.95
Limited quantities only to clear at these prices.

Exceptional Offerings in Dry Goods

REMNAINT SALE
Three Days' Remnant Sale of Seasonable Wash Goods in many very useful lengths at prices which will enable you to buy material for two garments for the price of one. Hundreds of lengths too of Cretonne, Curtainings, Tabling, Cottons and Sheetings all at much below regular prices. Look over the Remnant Tables this Month-End.

NATURAL PONGEE AT 75c
The wearing and washing qualities of Pongee are well known. We offer 200 yards of natural Pongees at Sale Prices for our Month-End Clean-up. Regular 85c, 90c and \$1.00 a yard. Month-End Clean-up Price.....75c per yard

BEDSPREADS, SHEETS AND PILLOW CASES
English soft finish Bed Quilts, hemmed ready for use, large size, 72x88. Regular price \$4.50.
Price.....\$3.65
A limited quantity only to clean up at this price.
Hemstitched Sheets, size 70x90, made of durable even thread cotton. Regular price \$7.90 pair. Month-End Clean-up Sale, per pair.....\$6.85
Hemmed Pillow Slips, ready for use, sizes 42 in. and 44 in. Regular price \$1.25 pair. Month-End Clean-up Sale.....50c per pair.....95c

Month-End Clean-Up Sale in Ready-to-wear Garments of Style and Quality

CHILDREN'S WASH DRESSES
A special reduction on Wash Dresses for the tiny tots. These dainty dresses come in crepe, ginghams and novelty wash fabrics. Regular values \$1.65 up to \$2.95.
Month-End Clean-up Sale.....\$1.50

READY-TO-WEAR HATS AT HALF PRICE AND NEARLY HALF
Special line in Women's Style-to-wear Hats in many smart styles and favored colorings. Regular values up to \$10.50.
Month-End Clean-up Sale.....\$5.00

SCHOOL CHILDREN'S HATS
Wash Hats of white pique and duck. Brim underlined with pale blue and green contrasting material. Usual price \$1.95. Month-End Sale Price, each.....\$1.50

WOMEN'S TUB SKIRTS
For practical service these Women's Wash Skirts are unequalled. They are made of white drill with pockets and belts in smart up-to-date styles. Regular prices \$2.95.
Month-End Clean-up Sale.....\$2.50

Women will find a host of pleasing values in this section Friday, Saturday and Monday which will appeal to thrifty shoppers and give ample opportunity for substantial savings.

Month-End Specials in Purity Groceries

Hudson's Bay Baking Powder, Guaranteed Pure and Wholesome.
12 oz. Tins.....25c
16 oz. Tins.....35c
3 lb. Tins.....85c
5 lb. Tins.....\$1.25
Small White Beans, 3 lbs. for.....25c
California Lima Beans, per lb.....20c

NUCOA
The new substitute for butter, made from nuts and milk. Per lb.....45c

WEEK-END SPECIAL
Kellogg's Corn Flakes, 2 pkgs. for.....25c
Corn Starch, 2 pkgs. for.....25c

Extra Choice Darjeeling Tea, per lb.....\$1.25
Malkin's Custard Powder, per tin.....35c

Olive Butter, for salads and sandwiches, per jar.....25c and 40c

Pickled White Onions.....25c
2 Bottles for.....35c
India Relish, per bottle.....35c

Castile Soap, per bar.....25c
Naphtha Soap, 3 bars.....25c
Buttercup Milk, 8 tin for.....\$1.00

SPECIAL
Grape Fruit, large size, 3 for.....25c
Large Lemons, per doz.....40c

Christie's Soda Biscuits, the best made, per tin.....75c and \$1.00
Van Camp's Vegetable Soup, 2 tins for.....35c
Heinz's Cream of Tomato Soup, per tin.....30c

CREAMETTES
The best macaroni made. Per package.....15c
Clark's Ox Tongue, per tin.....\$1.75

Men's Quality Suits Specially Priced

If "Economy" be defined as "the use of money to the best advantage" no better outlay can be made than here, for he is the well satisfied man who makes his selection of a suit from the admirable collection shown here. Satisfaction is his because the price is moderate and because in paying it he is getting all he expected, and more, bearing in mind the present market conditions. There is a splendid range of colors and styles to select from. The cloths are remarkable values.

Month-End Clean-up Sale.....\$28.50 to \$45.00

SUIT CASE SPECIAL—FIBRE SUIT CASES AT \$4.50
This is a 26-in. case, a very convenient size for travelling; it has reinforced riveted corners and solid leather strap.
Month-End Special.....\$4.50

MEN'S SUSPENDERS
Men's Suspenders bought before the last big advance. Clean-up Sale, per pair.....\$1.35, \$1.25 and \$1.00

WASH TIES
You will find our stock very complete in this line at from 40c to 70c

Hardware Specials of Money Saving Importance

CURTAIN RODS
Brass Curtain Rods, extend to 54 in.; complete with end and brackets. Special.....25c

ELECTRIC IRONS
"Star" Electric Iron, full size, fully guaranteed; worth today \$7.50. Our Price.....\$5.00

ALUMINUM PUDDING PANS
Aluminum Pudding Pans, 8 in. by 2 1/2 in. Reg. 50c. Special.....39c

CLOTHES WRINGER
"Bay Leader" Clothes Wringer, rubber rollers, guaranteed for two years.....\$8.25

ALUMINUM SAUCEPANS
2 pt. Aluminum Saucepan, Special.....\$1.25
4 pt. Aluminum Saucepan, Special.....\$1.50

SOOT DESTROYER
Sweep your chimney for 15c with Kleen Blue Soot Destroyer. Special, per packet.....15c

ELECTRIC STOVES
Superior Electric Stove complete with cord and attachment. Special.....\$6.50

WASH BOARDS
Glass Wash Boards, Reg. \$1.00 for.....85c

HOSPITAL DAY, JUNE 3RD

Don't forget the Vimy Ridge CONCERT Monday, May 31st, in aid of the Hospital

BANK OF MONTREAL

Head Office: Montreal. Established over 100 Years.

CAPITAL PAID UP \$20,000,000 REST \$20,000,000
TOTAL ASSETS \$571,150,138

Condensed Statement of Semi-Annual Report, April 30th, 1920

LIABILITIES	ASSETS
Capital Stock (all paid up).....\$ 20,000,000	Specie and Government demand notes.....\$ 89,118,287
Rest.....20,000,000	Deposit with Dominion Government for security of note circulation.....1,038,107
Balance of Profits carried forward.....2,090,440	Deposit in central gold reserves.....10,200,000
Unclaimed dividends and quarterly dividend payable 1st June, 1920.....609,134	Notes and checks on other Banks.....23,262,846
Notes of the Bank in Circulation.....40,128,660	Due by bankers elsewhere than in Canada.....10,521,648
Deposits.....472,707,202	Call and Short loans.....103,290,447
Balances due to other Banks in Canada and foreign countries and other liabilities.....4,144,696	Bonds, Debentures and Stocks.....57,425,591
Bills Payable.....3,348,977	Current loans and discounts and other assets.....253,759,123
Acceptances under letters of credit as per contract.....8,031,020	Bank premises.....5,500,000
	Liabilities of customers under letters of credit (per contra).....8,031,020
	\$571,150,138

Complete Banking Facilities for the Development of Canadian Industry, Trade and Commerce

Branches in all cities and towns throughout Canada and Newfoundland and Offices in the principal centres of United States, England, France. In the West Indies, British Guiana and West Africa—The Colonial Bank (in which an interest is owned by the Bank of Montreal)

BOLSHEVIKI FORCES ON PERSIAN COAST

British Detachment Evacuate Enzeli, a Port on the Caspian Sea.

London, May 23.—Bolshevik forces have landed from thirteen ships near Enzeli, in Persia, on the Caspian Sea, it was learned here today. The officer in charge of Enzeli was compelled to accept the Bolshevik terms, owing to the superiority of the Bolsheviks, and the same night the British evacuated Enzeli.

The British troops at Enzeli numbered about 400 or 500, and had some guns belonging to the Mesopotamian expeditionary force, according to The Daily Mail. The immediate objective of the Bolshevik attack was the Volunteer fleet of General Denikine, which after the collapse of Denikine, left Petrovsk and went to Enzeli, where it was disarmed and interned.

"But the whole Bolshevik policy in this region," the newspaper adds, "is directed to undermining and destroying British prestige in Persia, and the move is likely to have a serious repercussion in India."

The situation is aggravated, The Daily Mail continues, by the known unreliability of the Persian Cossack division organized by the British under the Russian leader, General Starostin, former governor of Kutai. Nearly 5,000 of these Cossacks are reported by Moscow to be in open revolt, and there is every likelihood that all of them will join the Bolsheviks now that the latter have appeared in Persia.

Constantinople, May 24.—A newspaper from Brussels reports that Bolshevik troops have actually entered Erzerum, the principal city of Armenia, and are negotiating with Kasio Kaar-

BOLSHEVIKI CUT ROADS TO RASST

Small British Force Compelled to Withdraw When Soviet Commanders Break Promise.

London, May 24.—Official advice from Persia today state that the Bolsheviks who landed at Enzeli, on the Caspian Sea, despite their promises, have cut the roads leading to Rasht, 25 miles south of Enzeli. The British force, which is a small one, was compelled to withdraw to Rasht, the advice says.

Georgian troops are reported to be marching on the Black Sea port of Batumi, which has been occupied by British troops as a result of serious strikes there. Several scattered British bands in Trans-Caucasia are reported to be threatened by the advance of Bolshevik bands.

She: "Of course, he hated me awfully, but I don't think I showed it. Even time I yawned I just hid it with my hand."

He (trying to be gallant): "Really I don't see how a hand so small could—er—hide—er—that is—beastly weather we're having, isn't it?"

BIG OPENING OF SEASON'S SPORTS

(Continued from Page 1.)

Kelowna has a number of new men and a fine bunch of boys too.

The boys were on their toes all the time and chipping like a bunch of blackbirds, but no one was crabbing.

Joe Harwood was very quiet, but explained after the game the reason. He was too busy teaching Fred Lawrence how to keep the score.

Some crowd from home, eh? Over one hundred autos from Vernon and every one full of rooters for the home boys.

The V. A. A. is making good in its promotion of clean sport. No city in Canada ever turned out a cleaner bunch of athletes than Vernon did at Kelowna. The V. A. A. A. colors looked mighty nice on Monday, all branches of sport being neatly attired in uniforms of the club colors.

Don't forget June 2nd, the biggest day ever.

Lacrosse.
The Vernon lacrosse team journeyed to Kelowna on the holiday for the first league game of the season against the representatives of that city. After a hard-fought game they came out on the short end of a 3-2 score, but, in spite of the result, both players and fans feel confident that, on the growing made by the team in their opening game, there are good prospects for a very successful season.

The Vernon team was noticeably strengthened by the presence on the line-up of several players who were not with the team last year. The teamwork, even at this early stage of the season, was a great deal more evident than at any time last year. The defence was excellent at all times; the home worked well together, and should be greatly strengthened in the next game by the presence of Stanley French, who is well known to anybody who followed the game here four or five years ago. Norman Forester, another player who has returned since last season, scored both goals for Vernon in the second quarter.

The game was somewhat marred by the apparent inability of the officials to keep the crowd within bounds, with the result that, on several occasions, players were hampered by a crowd of spectators massed behind the goal.

Heck Fowler, of Vancouver, refereed the game in a very satisfactory manner.

There should be a big crowd on hand on June 2nd to see the locals meet Armstrong in their first home fixture of the season; and, if they put up as good a brand of lacrosse as they did on Monday, a good fast game should be assured.

The line-up was as follows: Goal, W. Bertram; point, Dick Douglas; cover point, Morry Redgrave; 1st defence, Ivo Johnston; 2nd defence, Ed. Foster; 3rd defence, Lyle Edwards; centre, Earl Johnston; 2nd home, Dots Gray; 2nd home, Arthur Evans; 1st home, Louis

Norris; outside home, Dewey Duncan; inside home, Norman Forester.

Football.
This game was won by Kelowna by a score of two goals to one. The game was evenly contested, but was spoilt by the inability of the referees to handle the players, consequently the game was very frequent. Such games as these will not help the good name of clean sport, and the sooner all interested in football realize this, the better for all concerned. In the first half a penalty given against Vernon, which Vernon thought to be an unfair decision, resulted in Kelowna scoring. This lead they maintained up to the interval, on resuming Kelowna showed to better advantage than Vernon, their combination being better than that of the Vernon boys, but still it was Ellison of Vernon that equalized the score, with a great shot from thirty yards range, about half an hour after resuming. It looked as if the game was to be drawn, but just about three minutes from the finish, Sadler of Kelowna broke through and gave Kelowna the victory by the above score.

FARMER MEMBERS ARE IN QUANDARY

Fielding Amendment to Budget Does Not Come Up to Expectations.

Ottawa, May 24.—Members of the Farmers' Party are finding themselves in somewhat of a quandary over the budget debate. Hon. W. S. Fielding's amendment to the budget seems to have headed off any amendment by the third group in the house. The ex-minister of finance moved an amendment calling for substantial reduction of the customs duties on necessities of life and implements of production, and then went on to support his position by a rather protectionist speech. Farmer members, while they naturally do not approve of many of the sentiments expressed by Mr. Fielding, will probably have to support his motion. They would prefer, however, to introduce an amendment to the amendment or a second amendment when Mr. Fielding's is rejected, as it will be by the government majority. They are prevented from doing so, however, by the rules and customs of the house.

Too General in Tone.
For the Farmer members the Fielding amendment is much too vague and general in its tone. It is not specific in its demands as was the resolution passed by the National Liberal convention last August, when western delegates imbued with western law tariff ideas were present. The Farmer members probably will not be allowed to move an amendment of their own. There is no precedent of the practice of the Dominion parliament since Confederation to justify the speaker in accepting an amendment to the amendment or a second amendment when the Fielding amendment is defeated, nor is there any British parliamentary precedent up to July, 1867.

CARRANZA IS SHOT BY REBELS

Mexican President and Six Faithful Adherents Die With Boots On.

Mexico City, May 22.—Venustiano Carranza, deposed president of Mexico, and six members of his party, have been killed near the town of Tlaxcala, Tlaxcala, in the State of Puebla, according to advices to headquarters of both Generals Alvaro Obregon and Pablo Gonzalez.

Reports received at revolutionary headquarters up to midnight did not name the six members of the deposed president's party who were killed with him.

Former Ministers.
Earlier despatches, however, had said Luis Cabrera, Carranza's minister of the treasury; General Guadalupe Barragan, chief of staff; Aguirre Berlanga, former minister, and Ignacio Bonillas, former ambassador to the United States, were with their chief.

Telegrams received at the headquarters of General Gonzalez, filed at Huachapango, Puebla, said the bodies were being taken to Veracruz. In the same state. The Carranzistas were killed at 1 a.m. yesterday by a force commanded by Colonel Rudolph Herrera.

Herrera formerly was a Carranza commander under General Manuel Herreras. His telegram here indicated the Carranza on his final flight into the mountains after the Rinconada defeat.

Result of Plot.
The killing of the deposed president, advices say, was the result of a plot laid by Herrera and fifty of his followers. Carranza was the first to fall. It was said. Then his followers were reported killed one by one. It was believed here the majority of Carranza's cabinet ministers who were with him, were among the dead. General Murquie, formerly in command of Carranza forces in the Federal District of Mexico City, was reported to have been with the deposed president.

TO INVESTIGATE IRON RESOURCES

Minister of Mines Appoints Mr. F. J. Crossland to Search for Ores in Clinton District.

Victoria, B. C., May 24.—With instructions to carry out a thorough inspection of the Bonanza and Bonanza ore deposits of the Clinton Mining Division, in the White River region, and to establish as far as is possible in one season's work the tonnage available of this mineral, F. J. Crossland, of Vancouver, B. C., will start for the interior next week accompanied by a party of competent mining men.

Mr. Crossland has received his commission from Hon. Wm. Sloan, minister of mines, who explains that the purpose is to secure as full and accurate information as investigation can furnish regarding this important mineral area.

Mr. Sloan referred to the iron ore resources of this section in the course of an address delivered at the last session of the legislature on the possibility of private enterprise or the government taking consideration to the taking of initial steps towards the establishment of an iron and steel industry in the province. He spoke of a report received from Wm. M. Brewer, government mining engineer, who made an examination of the deposits last year and who was favorably impressed by the quality of the iron ore.

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GEDDES RAPS HEARST SHEETS

Yellow Journalism That Breeds Distrust Between Nations Is Severely Condemned.

Philadelphia, May 22.—Sir Auckland Geddes, British ambassador, came here yesterday to receive from the Franklin Institute for Sir Charles A. Parsons, of England, the Franklin medal awarded him. A party of Irish sympathizers appeared in front of the building carrying banners bearing inscriptions demanding freedom for Ireland. The police kept them moving and gave them no opportunity to heckle the visitor.

Americans and British should seek to dispel "the cloud of misrepresentation and misunderstanding which tends to separate them," Sir Auckland Geddes declared.

The ambassador said that never has it been so imperative that relations between Great Britain and the United States remain cordial.

Surprising Stuff.
"There are no misunderstandings that I know of," he continued, "no lack of complete cordiality, yet many of your newspapers are filled with strange verbal pictures of what the British are, or are not doing, which make me rub my eyes and wonder how, when and where such surprising stuff can be written. There are newspapers in England, only a few, thank God, that are filled with equally weird descriptions of the United States, its motives and plans."

"If the hope for peace is to be fulfilled, the ambassador continued, it is necessary that one nation see the good in others."

"It will be all evil if that feeling is changed into one of less cordiality," Sir Auckland said. "Its existence is an asset to you and to me."

"Mamma, was Job a doctor?"
"Not that I know of, dear. Why do you ask?"
"Then why do people have so much to say about the patients of Job?"

HOSPITAL DAY

CELEBRATION

Vernon, B.C.
THURSDAY
JUNE 3rd

BASEBALL, LACROSSE,
FOOTBALL and TENNIS
All Championship Games

Attractions in the Curling Rink

Vaudeville Show; Fortune Telling;
Plant and Flower Booth; Japanese
Tea Rooms; Pony Rides for the
Children; White Elephant; Aunt
Sally Shooting Gallery; Produce
Booth; Balloon Booth; Fish Pond;
Art Gallery; Laundry—Buy a
Package and see what you get.

Dance in the Armoury

Under Auspices of B. P. O. E.

HELP THE HOSPITAL

Right through to the
"Gateway of the West"

The first choice is

MACDONALD'S
PRINCE OF WALES
CHEWING TOBACCO

"The Tobacco
with a heart"



LEADING CANADIAN INDUSTRIES
The Lumber Production of British
Columbia in 1917 was valued at 22 million
dollars and a little over one-quarter of the
total Canadian production.
B. C. Mills Trading & Timber Co.
Plant at Vancouver.

EXTRAVAGANCE MADE TO SWELL REVENUE

Additional Receipts From Taxes
on Luxuries Estimated at
About Seventy-five
Millions.

Ottawa, May 22.—Instructions for the
levying of the new taxes in force to-
day have been sent to tax collectors
throughout the Dominion. What the
revenue will be, finance department
experts make no attempt to estimate
in anything like exact figures, al-
though it is thought that the addi-
tional revenue will be between \$75-
\$100,000,000.

The luxury tax is the difficulty. It
is admitted that any estimates of re-
venue from this tax would, in all prob-
ability, be wide of the mark. The
turnover of goods now liable to tax is
not known nor is it known how far the
tax will tend to reduce prices within
the exempted limit. The purpose of
the tax is two fold: More revenue;
prevention of extravagance.

In any event, one of these two ob-
jects will be secured. If extravagance
continues and high prices are still
paid, the Government will benefit by
the additional revenue. If prices are
lowered to within the limit of exemp-
tion from taxation, the tax will not
produce so much revenue, but the con-
sumer will benefit.

It is thought, however, that the tax
will give an impetus to reduction in
necessities. An article now just com-
ing within the scope of the luxury tax
will probably be sold a few cents under
the luxury tax limit.

Tax on Total Amount.
The estimated loss of revenue from
repeal of taxes is \$30,000,000. The
luxury tax, it is expressed, is not levied
on the amount in excess of exemption,
but on the total purchase price. Thus
a man buying a hat this morning will
not pay percentage tax on the price
over \$5, but on the total purchase price
should it exceed \$5.00. A six dollar
hat will today therefore cost \$6.60.

The budget still has to travel on its
long way through debate on the reso-
lutions and consideration in commit-
tee. It is possible that some minor
changes will be made, but they are, of
course, unlikely to be excessive. Should
the new taxes be modified in commit-
tee, the taxpayer would be entitled to
a refund to the extent of the modifica-
tion. But no doubt is felt that the
budget will be adopted in its present
form, except possibly for a few tech-
nical amendments.

Minor Changes.
Among the minor tariff changes is a
pathetic echo of the war. It exempts
from customs duties books and other
essentials for the blind, the soldier
who lost his sight being particularly
in mind. Another tariff change re-
moves the anomaly which allows im-
portation free of duty on novels and
other books (other than scientific
works) when printed in languages
other than French or English. The
discrimination in favor of foreign pub-
lications is removed. They are placed
in the same category as French and
English publications.

Commissioner's Views.
There may be some disposition to
question the accuracy of the budget
definition of luxuries. It is difficult,
for instance, to buy boots at \$9, men's
hats at \$5, or suits at \$45, by even the
most economic minded. Mr. R. W.
Breadner, commissioner of taxation,
who has a good deal to do with fram-
ing the schedules, is of the opinion
this clause will work advan-
tageously, however, by immediately re-
ducing higher priced articles, so as to
come within the tax exemption classi-
fication.

Mr. Breadner added that each mer-
chant selling goods that come under
the new taxes, would show the price of
the goods on his invoice and also the
amount of the tax, whether it was 10,
20 or 50 per cent. Two copies of the
invoice would be made out, the mer-
chant keeping one. He would keep his
copy in hand and ultimately hand it
over to the inland revenue department.
The department would then collect the
money as represented by these invoices.

COL. McSPADEN DEAD

Was Commanding Officer of 11th
Irish Fusiliers of
Canada.

Vancouver, May 22.—Lieut.-Col.
George McSpadden, formerly O. C. the
11th Irish Fusiliers of Canada, and one
of Vancouver's best known militia
officers, died at his residence, Forty-
nine, Kensington and Grand street, at
8 o'clock this morning. The funeral will
be held on Tuesday afternoon from the
residence, Major (Rev.) C. C. Owen,
senior chaplain, officiating. Interment
will be at the Masonic cemetery.

The late Col. McSpadden had been
seriously ill only one week, an effec-
tion of the heart being responsible for
his illness, according to Dr. W. F.
McKay, who attended him. For the
past two years, however, his health
had been generally poor, although not
of a nature to cause great alarm.

A wife, three sons and three daugh-
ters survive him. Two of the sons,
Capt. Stanley McSpadden and Melville
McSpadden, served overseas. The lat-
ter joined the 121st Western Irish in
1915, while Capt. Stanley McSpadden
went over with the 7th Battalion. The
third son is Cecil McSpadden. The
three daughters are Misses Maybelle,
Sonja and Eudora.

Former Irish Unit.
Col. McSpadden was 65 years old
and original organizing officer of the
11th Irish Fusiliers, of which he was
commanding officer from the start of
the war until two months ago. At
the head of this parent regiment,
which was a home-defense unit, he was
largely instrumental in recruiting and
forwarding many hundred overseas
soldiers who passed from the Fusiliers
into Canadian Expeditionary Force
units. He also engaged in special war
work during the early days of the con-
flict, at Puerto Rico.

As officer commanding the Irish
Fusiliers he recruited more than 4,000
men for service at the front, and him-
self volunteered to proceed overseas,
but was passed medically unfit.

DECLARE MARTIAL LAW

Bitter Feeling Prevails Between
Poles and Czechoslovaks.

Prague, Czechoslovak, May 24.—
Martial law was declared in the
Teichen plebiscite area Wednesday by
the international committee. Bitter
feeling has prevailed recently in the
district between the Czechoslovak and
Polish workmen and some clashes have
been reported.

He—I don't think I'd like to marry
any girl unless I knew she was self-
sufficient.
She—But wouldn't marrying you
prove that she was?

WILL NOT ASSIST TO FINANCE EUROPE

United States Cabinet Decides
That the Allies Must Work
Out Their Own Financial
Problems.

Washington, May 22.—President Wil-
son and his cabinet have decided that
the Allies and Germany must work out
their own financial recovery, unaided
further by the United States, it was
learned today.

This important decision is under-
stood to have been reported at the
cabinet meeting on Tuesday. It is be-
lieved to have been precipitated by the
financial agreement arrived at between
Premier Lloyd George of Great Britain
and Premier Millerand of France last
Sunday at their conference at Mythe,
England.

This agreement would heavily in-
volve the United States.
The following provisions of this
agreement are regarded as "inconceiv-
able" by this government:

That the inter-Allied debts, such as
the French debt to Great Britain of
billions of dollars, be liquidated only
as Germany pays off her indemnity.
This system would re-act against the
United States, it is held, holding up the
liquidation of Great Britain's debt of
billions of dollars to the United States.

Underwriting Indemnity.

That there be a "capitalization" of
Germany's indemnity obligations, pre-
sumably through the floating of a Ger-
man bond issue, the bonds to be dis-
counted by the United States in order
to give Germany the funds necessary
for the resumption of her economic life
and to prevent the spread of Bolshe-
vism throughout Central Europe.

Both of these proposals, it is said, in
effect, would put the United States in
the position of underwriting the Ger-
man indemnity, said to have been ten-
tatively set by the Allies at \$30,000,000.

Britain's Debt.

London, May 20.—Replying to ques-
tions in the House of Commons, Austen
Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Ex-
chequer, declared that Great Britain's
debt to America was being dealt with
independently of Great Britain's share
in the German indemnity.

The Chancellor's statement was
called out by a question as to whether
an arrangement had been made with
France that she repay her indebtedness
to Great Britain when France receives
her share of the German indemnity,
and if it is so whether it would be pos-
sible for Great Britain to repay her
borrowings from the United States on
the same condition, namely, when
Great Britain receives her share of the
indemnity.

Mr. Chamberlain said that France's
net debt to Great Britain, after con-
siderable adjustments had been made,
probably would total under five hun-
dred million pounds.

TAXES HEADED IN RIGHT DIRECTION

Manitoba Free Press Is Pleased
With Repeal of 7½ Per Cent.
Customs War Duty.

Winnipeg, May 22.—Speaking edi-
torially, the Manitoba Free Press today
says:

"The taxation proposals are headed
in the right direction, for they replace
indirect by direct taxation. The re-
peal of the 7½ per cent. customs war
tax removes a very clumsy expedient
for raising money which, in the in-
dence of its application, cost the people
at least twice the \$20,000,000 which is
collected for the treasury."

On the point of the tariff, the edi-
torial says of the budget and the
speech of Hon. W. S. Fielding:

"Sir Henry Drayton's definition of
tariff policy and Mr. Fielding's speech
and amendment read together simply
support the view that they are in vir-
tual agreement about the kind of tariff
Canada should have. People who think
there is war to the knife between the
Government and the Opposition over
the tariff have a singular power of
self-deception. They are both pro-
tectionists in their principles and desires;
but liable, under severe pressure, to
consent to reductions, almost to the
tariff-for-revenue basis. That pressure
will have to be applied equally to both
parties by the tariff reformers of the
west, and the only effective way that
can be applied, unless the forthcom-
ing revision confirms those elusive
sentences in the Drayton platform
which hint at possible tariff reduction,
will be through the election of an in-
dependent or third party at the general
election which, in any case, can not be
much longer postponed."

"Why, gentlemen," thundered a Par-
liamentary candidate, "my opponent
hasn't a leg to stand on."

"All the more reason why he should
have a seat," came a voice from the
rear.



YOU ONLY WANT THE
BEST WHEN YOU GO

FISHING

Why not spend the
JUNE 3rd

on or by the water?

We have a complete line
of Fishing Tackle which we
ask you to call and inspect
to convince you that we
have the best.

Take a CAMERA with
you and record your holiday
on an Autographic.

Remember that if it isn't
an Eastman it isn't a Kodak.

**OK
STATIONERY**

VERNON, B. C.

We Are Moved

And in our new premises behind
the Kalamalka Hotel with better
facilities. We can now serve you with
greater efficiency and give more
satisfaction, both to you and our-
selves. We want your business.

--- Dealers in ---

FORD CARS FORD TRUCKS
FORD TRACTORS

Watkin's Garage

CARELESSNESS
CAUSED
1140

FOREST
FIRES

LAST SUMMER.

THESE COST
TAXPAYERS
\$370,000.

A LITTLE CARE WOULD HAVE SAVED THIS.

BE CAREFUL!



On the Pantry Shelf of the Woman who Knows

No need now to wait on the milkman
or to send out for milk when it is re-
quired for any purpose.

Foresighted housewives always have on
hand a row of cans in assorted sizes of

Borden's
ST. CHARLES BRAND
Evaporated Milk
WITH THE CREAM LEFT IN

It is so wonderfully convenient, so rich and good
—to replace fresh milk and cream wherever
they are generally used.

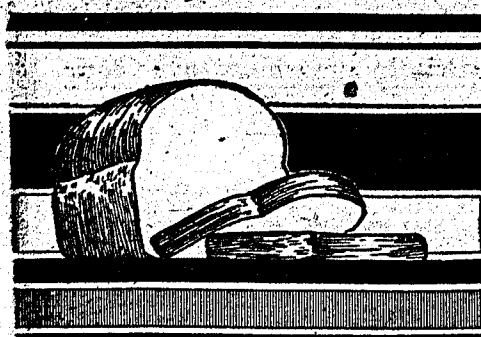
Order several cans from your grocer so that
you will have it on hand when you need it.

THE BORDEN COMPANY LIMITED
Montreal



Canada's
National Milk

Get results with a News "Want Ad."



BREAD!

We could not get along without it. It's the old "Standby"—Why? Because it is all substance and nourishment. Because it satisfies when other foods do not. Ours has a real bread flavor and a good substantial slice. Bread is your Best Food—Eat more of it. Eat.

GOOD BREAD

The bread that builds.

Leitch's Bakery

VERNON, B.C.
Next Adams' Supply Store.
Phone 497. 133 Barnard Avenue.

Mrs. F.C.W. Wrote This



"I have great pleasure in sending you a salad dressing recipe I used with good results while cooking in a lumber camp up the Coast last summer, where fresh milk was unobtainable.

"Canned milk had to be used for everything, and I may say in passing that I have never had lighter cakes and puddings than those I made with 'Pacific Milk'."

We will print Mrs. W.'s recipe next time. She expressly asked that her name be not published.

Pacific Milk Co. Ltd.

Factory at Ladner, B.C.



The Original and Only Genuine

Beware of Imitations Sold on the Merits of Minard's Liniment.

Hot Weather Helps

ELECTRIC—
Irons
Grills
Percolators
Baby Bottle Warmers
Washing Machines
Vacuum Cleaners.

Vacuum Cleaner for rental by the Day or Half Day.

If you are going camping don't forget to take a Flash Lamp.

Okanagan Electric

Next to Hudson's Bay Co.

Finch & Co. COAL AND WOOD

PHONE 248
AGENTS—IMPERIAL OIL, Ltd.

READ THE WANT ADS.

GERMAN FLEET WILL BE SOLD BY AUCTION

Over Four Hundred Vessels Will Shortly Arrive at the Firth of Forth.

London, May 24.—Over four hundred vessels of the German mercantile marine are expected shortly to arrive at the Firth of Forth under the terms of the peace treaty.

The entire fleet will be auctioned in one lot.

One of the largest British shipping concerns intends to buy the fleet and afterwards to charter many of the vessels to Germans in furtherance of the plan to aid Germany in maintaining her former trade routes.

It is regarded as essential that everything possible be done to assist Germany in this line. This is in line with the decisions of the Allies to grant Germany a joint loan in the near future.

Andrew Bonar Law in the Commons today said, regarding the decisions of the Hythe conference, that Great Britain has refused to agree to the priority claim system because it was unfair to the dominions.

Britain recognized France's special claims, he declared, and agreed that for every five pounds of reparations received by Great Britain, France should get eleven.

A German View.

Writing on the forthcoming conference at Spa with the Germans, the Berlin correspondent of the Manchester Guardian says:

"I am assured on very high authority that Germany is potentially in a position to put forward a reparation estimate that ought not to fall short of intelligent and reasonable Allied demands, but it will be expressly pointed out that the naming of a figure must be made dependent on the restoration of the European economic machine to something like working order."

"The present chaos renders any reasonable conversation impossible. Among the conditions necessary to a reasonable discussion are likely to be found in the following:

"The granting to Germany of a moderate amount of shipping tonnage, say 400,000 tons. At the moment she has not sufficient tonnage for her minimum coastal requirements.

Modification, Generally.

"Allocation to Germany of the proceeds of the liquidation of the German property in England and France in pounds and francs. America and Brazil have led the way in this matter.

"Otherwise, Germany, under the treaty, will be compelled to compensate her dispossessed nationals to an amount likely to be between ten and twenty billion gold marks, at any rate a stupendous, and under present conditions, intolerable sum, which could only be a catastrophic addition to paper money inflation.

"Drastic reduction of the grossly excessive and swollen costs of the occupation, which amount to between two and three billion marks.

"Insistence on the impossibility of fulfilling the coal delivery obligations if the Silesian coalfield is lost.

"The restoration of economic intercourse between Germany and her neighbors, or at least on a basis of reciprocity. This last is the most important condition of all."

NAVAL GRATUITIES ARE PROVIDED FOR

Ottawa, May 24.—An order-in-council providing for the payment of gratuities to naval ranks and warrant officers in the Royal Canadian Navy who served continuously since July 1, 1914, and who were discharged in consequence of the reorganization, was tabled in the House of Commons yesterday by Hon. C. C. Ballantyne.

Quaker Baked Beans are Old Fashioned



They're simply old fashioned baked beans cooked as we remember them years ago when they went into the big pot at home.

We put in just enough pork and tomato sauce to give them zest.

You'll like this old fashioned dish.

DOMINION CANNERS B. C. LTD.

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A PIANO is a thing of beauty and a joy for ever, especially if it is a

Mason & Risch PIANO

Tone, quality and beauty of design, as found in the Mason & Risch Pianos, are the expressions of the artist's mind and the master hand.

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ALL EYES UPON OIL SITUATION

British Aspirations in Middle East Cause of United States Uneasiness.

London, May 24.—Whatever command Great Britain may eventually hold over the world's oil supply, it is the United States which today holds the whip hand, and it is this fact that is causing concern to many responsible shippers and manufacturers here, because they fear that any discrimination against Americans has the Middle East or elsewhere may result in retaliatory measures by the United States which would practically bring Great Britain to short rations until she is able to reap the full benefit of the still undeveloped oil fields of Mesopotamia.

Turkey Is Obstacle.

What is also causing much concern, especially in government quarters, is the great menace to Middle Eastern oil fields by the growing Nationalist strength in Turkey, under Mustafa Kemal, who is believed to be trying to link up with Soviet movements in order to upset Allied plans in Palestine and Mesopotamia.

At the same time Soviet Russia is looming up as a dangerous factor further east in Persia, especially in the oil fields controlled by the Anglo-Persian Oil Company, the majority of whose common shares are held by the British Government.

Attitude of United States.

Your correspondent learned on high authority that the United States is still under assurance from the British Government that while it can not permit geologists and other alien experts to enter Palestine because it is still under military obligation, it is also not permitting any of its own experts to enter these countries. The strong stand taken by the United States Government has focused the attention of the whole country on the great oil issue. It was ascertained today from irrefutable quarters that the United States Government necessarily took even a more serious view of British oil aspirations when the First Lord of the Admiralty declared, as he did before the institution of petroleum technologists on March 23, that "we are on the threshold of tremendous opportunities and the nation must take care to occupy the house or others will take it, and with it the key to all future success. If we secure supplies of oil now available in the world, we can do what we like."

CROP PROSPECTS ARE DECIDEDLY OPTIMISTIC

First Summary for 1920 Shows Over Fifteen Million Acres of Wheat Under Cultivation.

Winnipeg, May 22.—The Manitoba Free Press' first crop report for 1920, which was published today, is a decidedly more cheerful document than might have been expected from the late seeding. Perhaps the very best feature is in the fact that farmers are wise and are not attempting to go on seeding wheat long after the middle of May. Speaking broadly, the supply of moisture is excellent, the soil in fine condition and growth very good, not a few districts reporting wheat up two to four inches and no setbacks since seeding started.

Decrease In No Surprise.

Of course there is a decrease in acreage in wheat, but as that was expected, it is no surprise. As nearly as can be estimated from the returns (194 points have been heard from), the decrease is 15 per cent. in Saskatchewan and 10 per cent. in Manitoba and Alberta. Or, in other words, in 1920 the acreage in wheat is something over 15,370,000 acres, as against 17,670,000 in 1919, and given a continuance of the present favorable conditions, it will be quite possible for the west to reap more wheat from the reduced acreage than it did from the larger acreage of 1919. The only disappointment in the report is the apparent small increase in coarse grains, the reports indicating that while there will be some increases, at many points there will be no increase at all. The increases will be mainly barley and flax.

Farmers are preparing to do extensive summer fallowing, which is good thing and much needed after the war period.

Supplies of feed and labor are decidedly better than was anticipated and horses are not in a poor condition for spring work, as might have been expected.

In the districts where there was grasshopper trouble last year, they were asked to report on that condition, and the reports are uniformly to the effect that so far no trouble is indicated and preparations are being made to fight it should it occur.

MANUFACTURERS DID NOT PROTEST IN VAIN

Toronto, May 24.—The Canadian Manufacturers' Association has been urging for some time for relief from the arbitrary ruling made requiring prepayment of freight charges on shipments from the United States to Canada.

The Interstate Commerce Commission has now made it clear that railroad companies will be expected to refrain from requiring prepayment of charges in all cases where not customarily required heretofore. This official information was received this morning and announced at the head office of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association.

FORDSON HITS HIGHEST PRODUCTION RECORD

Henry Ford Started on Tractor 15 Years Ago and Wonderful Development Has Followed.

On February 19th at 9 a.m. Fordson tractor No. 100,000 left the assembly line in the Fordson plant at Dearborn, Michigan, slightly less than two and one-half years after number one was completed. And here again has Henry Ford set a new high record in the manufacture of farm tractors via the quantity production route.

Although the Ford interests are very recent entrants in the ranks of the tractor manufacturers, yet Henry Ford really built a tractor of the steam type before he started work on his first gas car. And incidentally, that tractor and the first car are still in very good running condition, and Mr. Ford occasionally demonstrates both to visitors at his farm in Dearborn.

Some fifteen years ago Mr. Ford began work on what has come to be the Fordson. This tractor was really a Ford car equipped with special wheels and included of course some mechanical changes. By 1908 he had a workable tractor; it plowed, harrowed, and did much other work on the farm. Then ensued nine more years of experimental work before the first tractor was put on the market.

Fordson tractors are now being assembled at a rate of 350 daily at Dearborn, 100 at the St. Louis assembling plant, and it is estimated that within a short time the Des Moines branch will be in operation. There is also an assembling plant in Cork, Ireland.

PRESBYTERIANS GIVE NEARLY FIVE MILLIONS

Forward Movement Drive Totals and Last Year's Budget.

Toronto, May 24.—The budget statement of the Presbyterian Church in Canada for last year, as published by the board of finance, shows an income of \$1,176,193 and an expenditure of \$1,172,559. Among the items of expenditure are \$500,000 for home missions and social service, \$394,852 for foreign missions, \$20,852 for Sabbath schools and young people's work, \$9678 for Westminster Hall, \$65,451 for the aged and infirm ministers' fund, \$45,152 for the ministers' widows and orphans fund. There were also expenditures for other colleges and educational work of the church.

In his report Rev. Dr. Laird, the secretary of the board of finance, says:

"It is most encouraging to learn that the receipts for 1919 are nearly 20 per cent. in advance of the receipts of 1918, the highest amount contributed for the annual maintenance of the missionary, educational and benevolent work in the history of the church. Owing to increased cost of operations, expenditures are naturally greater than in former years, but it is gratifying to know that on the whole budget they have not exceeded the receipts."

"In view of the magnificent effort made by the church in the Forward Movement thank-offering, there is additional cause for gratitude in this generous response of the church to the maintenance funds."

The Presbyterian Forward Movement thank-offering totals are:

Maritime provinces, \$613,26; Montreal and Ottawa, \$911,28; Toronto and Kingston, \$1,404,64; Hamilton and London, \$1,006,201; Manitoba, \$269,460; Saskatchewan, \$298,260; Alberta, \$77,400; British Columbia, \$181,487. Total \$4,762,005.

TWO SENATES FOR IRELAND

Government Makes Important Concession in Irish Bill.

London, May 22.—The Home Rule debate in the House of Commons yesterday was two important results. First, the Government's concession of two senates for Northern and Southern Ireland, respectively; and second, the decision of the Labor Party, announced by John Robert Clynes, to vote against the first clause of the bill and thereafter to take no part in the discussions, following the example of the Nationalists, and to certain extent of the free Liberals. Henceforth, therefore, the bill will not meet with serious opposition.

An amendment moved by Lord Robert Cecil, proposed the exclusion of Ulster altogether from the bill, so that it could remain purely for the United Kingdom. It was defeated 204 to 80.

The Government opposed the amendment, which was strongly supported by Sir Edward Carson, who mentioning the possibility of "Sinn Fein Ireland" attacking Ulster, appealed to the Government to consider even at this late date whether the proper course would not be to allow Ulster to be governed from England, so that in the case of certain eventualities England would have a "jumping off place."

INSURANCE OF VETERANS.

Ottawa, May 22.—The problem of insurance to returned men has been well solved into by the special committee on pensions and re-establishment at its last three meetings, and it is expected that some measure of state insurance for sub-standard men will be included in the recommendations of the committee, which are to be laid before the House before the close of the session.

STEVENS CRITICIZES FARMERS' PARTY

Member for Vancouver Is Candid in His Expressions During His Speech on the Budget.

Ottawa, May 21.—An interesting feature of the debate on the budget Thursday afternoon was the speech of H. H. Stevens of Vancouver who delivered the strongest kind of indictment of the Farmer party as horrible examples of the very evils for which in the past, before they became a commercial concern, they had been so ready to assail the manufacturers.

He pointed out that the Farmers' platform made the statement that the manufacturers through the tariff were the chief corrupting influence of the country. He asked the Farmer members now in the House if they were prepared to make this statement definitely and charge manufacturer members of the House such as Hon. C. C. Ballantyne, Hon. Sir E. Kemp, W. F. Cockshutt and a dozen more whom he named, with having been a corrupting influence.

Some of them had been in the House for years and if they were guilty as charged there was a way of expunging them.

Attacks Wheat Board.

He said that the Farmers themselves might fairly be said to be open to indictment. They have stood for the control and handling of wheat by the Canadian Wheat Board and if some of the actions of that board had been done by the manufacturers all Canada would have heard about it. Brokerage fees had not been eliminated, but preserved, because the Grain Growers' Grain Company and the Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Company benefited. Elevators in Alberta and Saskatchewan had been kept full of wheat all winter because the wheat board paid storage for it.

Mr. Stevens then took up the subject of overages which it will be recalled he dealt with at length last session. He said fifteen million dollars in overages had been taken from the people, something which the Farmers had used their influence to legalize by having the Grain Act amended. Their organization had been founded because of indignation over just such practices, but once in the business they were no better than others. He predicted that if the country elevators were investigated, a condition would be found which would surprise the country.

In one year the Grain Growers' Grain Company had lost in speculation nearly a quarter of a million dollars, a practice which a few years before they had asked the Government to make a criminal offense.

FOCH'S TRIBUTE TO CANADIAN GENERALS

Proud to Have Been Associated With Them—Visiting Dominion Son.

London, May 22.—Marshal Foch has been saying appreciative things about Canada to two Canadians, W. J. Maguire and John Martin, who met him at the Hotel Savoy at San Remo. He begged them, now that they were returning to Canada, to tell Canadians how grateful Frenchmen were for Canada's splendid aid in France's dire hour of peril. He could not speak too highly or too enthusiastically of the Canadian corps' daring, energy and skill.

Mr. Maguire reminded Marshal Foch that four of Canada's generals were from the old French city of Quebec, namely Watson, Turner, Burstall and Tremblay.

Foch said he was proud to have had these Canadians as comrades. He knew General Watson well, he said. He was a brave man indeed. Foch added that his project to visit Canada was his greatest ambition and added that it was his intention to carry it out unless some crisis intervened in France. September will probably be the time of his visit.

PERSIA APPEALS TO LEAGUE OF NATIONS

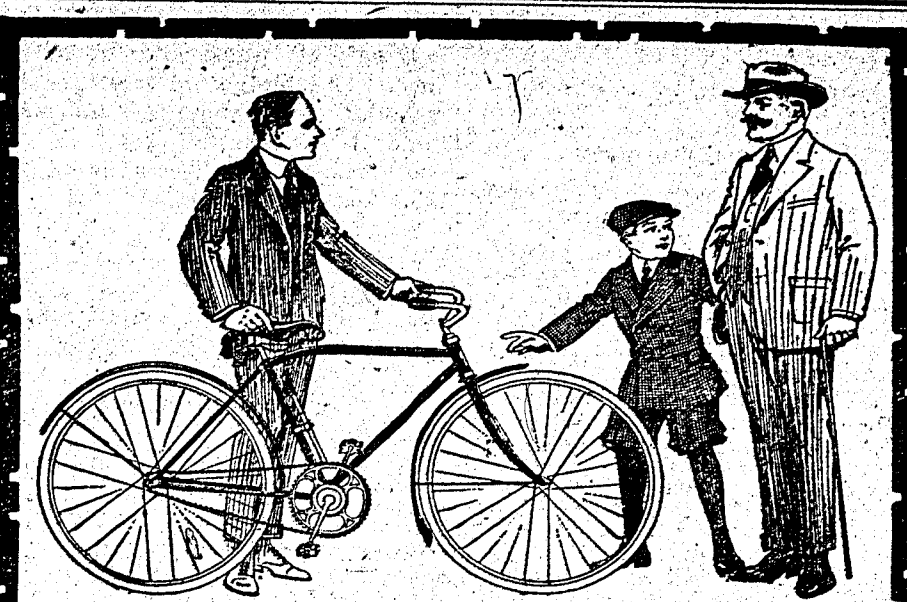
London, May 24.—Persia has appealed to the League of Nations to protect her against Bolshevik aggression. The appeal, which follows the landing of Bolshevik forces on Persian soil from the Caspian Sea, was made through the Persian foreign minister, who is in Paris.

The appeal alludes to the presence in Russia of warships belonging to the anti-Bolshevik forces formerly operated under General Denikin, and maintains that Persia acted within her rights as a neutral with regard to these vessels.

It points out that she declined to allow these ships to enter the harbor and she was assured she would not be hampered in disarming and internment them.

G.T.P. WESTERN SUPERINTENDENT

Prince Rupert, May 22.—H. H. Brewer arrived from Winnipeg to take over the duties of G. T. P. general superintendent of the Mountain division, with headquarters in Prince Rupert.



"That's the Bike I Want, Dad"

"It's one like Bob Harding's. He isn't a bit stronger than I am, Dad. But he can always trim me, no matter how hard I strain. My cheap old bike doesn't run as easy as his C.C.M."

"This is the third season for his C.C.M., too, and it runs just like new."

"Is that so, Jimmy?"

"Yes, there's good stuff in the C.C.M., Dad."

"It's a beauty to look at, Jimmy."

"Sure. And the swell nickelling and bright enamelling won't wear off."

"When Bob's C.C.M. gets dusty he wipes her off and she looks just like new."

"Oh, well, Jimmy, I see your heart's set on a C.C.M. If you'll promise to study hard and pass into the next room, I'll give you a C.C.M. Bicycle."

C.C.M. Bicycles are the pride of the boys. They have earned their good reputation by standing up under the extra strain and wear that sturdy, active lads are bound to give a bicycle.

The C.C.M. has the new Hercules Positive Drive Brake—the Coaster Brake without a side arm.

Ask the C.C.M. dealer to show you the 18-inch curved bar model—the bicycle the boy won't outgrow.

C.C.M. Bicycles

Columbia—Massey—Red Bird—Perfect—Cleveland



90% Made in Canada—100% Value.

Canada Cycle & Motor Co., Limited

WESTON, ONTARIO

Montreal Toronto

Winnipeg Vancouver

Over 1,000 C.C.M. Service Stations in Canada. Look for this sign.



We are the Vernon Agents for C. C. M. Bicycles in the Massey, Cleveland, Brantford and Perfect Makes. A full line always in stock to fill your requirements. Repairing a specialty in all lines. A complete line of accessories kept in stock.

A. ROGERS & CO.

Phone 186 VERNON, B.C.

NOW AS THEN

"I know nothing about the tariff; but this I do know: When we buy goods made abroad we get the goods and the foreigner gets the money, and when we buy goods made at home we get both the goods and the money."

—Abraham Lincoln.

Every dollar you send to an outside printing establishment is gone. Every order placed with your local printer helps to keep men employed who in turn will have money to spend with you. Think this over!

THE VERNON NEWS

Jenkins and his best girl were motoring a considerable distance to see one of the last-round cup ties, and the margin of time was very short.

With about twelve miles to go, he bade defiance to all police traps, and, turning to the girl of his heart, claimed: "We're going at fifty miles an hour. Are you brave, dear?"

The girl, as she swallowed a quantity of dust, replied, with emotion: "Yes, dear; I'm full of grit!"

"The trouble with this tooth," said the dentist, probing it with a long, slender instrument, "is that the nerve isn't dying."

"It seems to me, doctor," groaned the victim, "that you ought to treat the dying with a little more respect."

COME IN AND SEE THE

1920 FORD

Compare it Point for Point—with higher priced cars. In Mechanism, Beauty and Comfort it has everything that is Pleasing to the eye.

The Standard Equipment on the 1920 Ford

One-man top with snap on curtain fasteners; glass windows in rear of top; top envelope and pockets for curtains in tonneau; sloping double ventilating windshield; demountable rims; tire carrier with spare rim; non-skid tires on rear wheels; leather door grips; horn button mounted on top of steering column; upholstery is greatly improved; the seating space re-arranged to give greater riding comfort; improved steering control with radius rods attached underneath front axle; electric starting and lighting equipment.

WATKIN'S GARAGE

DEALERS IN FORD CARS, TRACTORS AND TRUCKS

We have a few second-hand Ford Touring Cars to offer cheap.



LILA LEE in "The Heart of Youth"

Saturday, May 29, at The Empress

THE VERNON NEWS

J. A. MacKELVIE, Editor
LOUIS J. BALL, Manager
Vernon News Printing & Publishing Co., Limited, Proprietors.

Address all Business Communications and Remittances to the Manager.

Subscription Rates—To all countries in the Postal Union \$2.50 per year, \$1.50 for six months, payable in advance. United States, \$3.00; other countries, \$2.50.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING RATES.

Transient Advertisements payable in advance.

Want Ads.—Lost, Found, Positions Wanted, etc., 20 cents per line first issue; 10 cents per line each subsequent issue. Count 6 words to a line. Initials and figures to count as words.

For Sale Ads.—5th headings or display lines, \$1.00 per inch or under first issue; 50c per inch each subsequent issue.

Display Advertisements, three inches or over, 75c per line first issue; 50 cents each subsequent issue.

Local Notices, immediately following regular locals, 20 cents per line.

Coming Events—15 cents per line each issue; minimum charge 45 cents.

Births, Marriages and Deaths, 50 cents.

Cards of Thanks, \$1.00.

Reading Notices, other than locals, 10 cents per line each insertion. Black type, 20 cents per line.

Legal Advertisements, 12 cents per line first issue; 8 cents per line each subsequent issue. (Subject to change by Government order.)

Land Notices, Timber Licenses, Certificates of Improvements, etc., \$3.00 for 60 days; \$2.00 for 30 days.

Dissolution of Partnership Notices, 20 issues, \$2.50.

Water Notices, 30 days, 150 words and under, \$3.00; each additional 50 words \$1.00.

Advertisements running "till forbid" must be cancelled in writing.

The size of type runs approximately 6 words to a line, 12 lines to the inch.

Rates for Contract Advertisements furnished on application.

To insure changes of advertisements in current week's issue, copy or electros must reach us not later than 2 p.m. on Tuesday.



THE BUDGET.

In 1914, the year when Canada entered upon the great war, our national debt stood at about \$325,000,000. Today it has reached the stupendous figure of \$2,723,305,436. The estimated revenue for the current year is placed by Sir Henry Drayton in his Budget Speech at \$238,000,000, and the estimated expenditure, including that required for demobilization purposes, soldiers' re-establishment, etc., will reach a total of \$550,649,428. A deficit is thus shown of nearly \$162,000,000. From the customs receipts the Finance Minister expects to receive \$169,000,000, and it will be pretty generally agreed that the tariff can hardly be increased to provide more revenue by this means. Sir Henry has, therefore, taken the courageous course of applying a system of direct taxation to meet the needs of the exchequer, and while his plan may not prove very popular, we have seen no practical suggestions advanced showing an alternative method of raising the money. These new imposts range from ten per cent. on the purchase price of clothing and boots beyond a value of \$45.00 and \$9.00 respectively to 50 per cent. on articles of gold for household purposes. The excise tax on spirits is to be \$2.00 per gallon, and the business profits tax is retained with certain modifications. An addition of five per cent. is placed upon the tax on incomes of \$5,000 per year and over. A sales tax of one per cent. falls upon manufacturers, wholesale dealers and importers on a large variety of articles, but foodstuffs, coal, and cattle foods are exempt from this impost. The tariff is not changed except that the 7 1/2 per cent. war customs duty is abolished on such articles as remained under this tax after the revision of last year, and Sir Henry promises that, immediately after prorogation of Parliament public sittings for the purpose of tariff revision will be held throughout Canada.

It goes without saying that these new taxes will not be popular. No burdens of this nature are ever assumed by the public with any evidence of pleasure. But the fact remains that money must be provided to meet our national obligations, and it must be conceded that these imposts have been spread upon the population in about as equitable a manner as possible. Sir Henry's system possesses the merit of checking extravagance, and will probably have the effect of tending to adjust our adverse balance of trade for which the reckless importation of luxuries is largely responsible. We doubt, however, the wisdom of classing as luxuries such articles as nine-dollar boots and forty-five-dollar suits of clothes. No articles worth wearing can be purchased today under these prices; but perhaps a scaling down in charges for these essential articles of apparel may follow these imposts.

The people of Canada must make up their minds that the end of such taxation is not yet in sight. Compared to other countries we have not yet begun to learn what is entailed by meeting the costs of war. The new conditions which face us will require innovations of a drastic nature before our debt is liquidated and normal conditions again hold sway. Fresh additions to the taxes may be expected for a good many years to come. The remedy lies with ourselves. Rigid economy on the part of the individual as well as the nation, combined with a steady reduction of unproductive expenditures, and the increased development

of our national resources mark the only safe and sane policy to be pursued. This budget will serve to educate the people regarding the meaning of direct taxation, which to many has hitherto been little other than a mere academic term. It will also serve a good purpose if it brings home the fact that between national finances and the individual pocket-book there exists a very intimate relation that can no longer be ignored.

GET TOGETHER!

A resident of the Oyama district called upon the News recently with the request that something be said in these columns regarding the water situation in that section of the Okanagan. He pointed out that owing to an apparent conflict of interests between the Wood Lake Fruitlands and Water Company and the Long Lake Irrigation Company there was a possibility that some of the orchard lands in that district may seriously suffer this year from a lack of irrigation facilities. As this particular part of the Okanagan possesses some of the best orchards in the valley, and produces a larger percentage of number one fruit than some other sections that might be named, it would be little short of a calamity if this gentleman's apprehensions should prove to be correct.

As noted in our last issue, a meeting was held at Oyama recently by Messrs. Armstrong and Alexander of the Board of Investigation under the Water Act, when the claims of these two companies were considered. The commissioners handed down a recommendation to the effect that the different interests should attempt to make an equitable division of the water, and that if this is not done by June 21 judgment in regard to the legal aspects of the case will be given. Our visitor, however, seemed to think that the situation was not fully understood by the farmers, and that there was no present probability of a concerted effort being made to bring about an amicable settlement of the dispute. He asked us if we could offer any suggestions that might be of service to his community.

The reply, we think, is fairly obvious. "What is everybody's business is nobody's business," and some public body should take speedy action in this matter. As far as we can see there are no insuperable obstacles to a satisfactory solution of this problem. As compared to the complexity of the situation in some other parts of the Okanagan, this case seems to be a remarkably easy one. We have reason to believe that ample water lies in the hills behind the Oyama and Wood Lake districts to furnish many times the amount required for irrigation purposes. Surveys made last season by the Provincial Government disclose the fact that Island Lake, the source of supply, contains at least 1500 acres. Instead of 466 acres as outlined in previous records. There are also other lakes in this district from which a greatly increased supply could easily be made available.

We understand that the Oyama Board of Trade is no longer in existence, but it would, we think, be well within the province of the Farmers' Institute or the United Farmers of that district for either or both of these organizations to take the matter in hand. They might call a joint meeting of the water users and the companies, invite the Comptroller of Water Rights to attend, and, failing an amicable arrangement between the companies that would safeguard the interests of the growers, they might proceed at once to form a water municipality.

The remedy lies in the hands of the orchard owners of the district. We feel certain that Comptroller Cleveland and other officials of the department will gladly give their services, and from them may be obtained full information and advice as to the proper course to pursue should the formation of a water municipality be deemed advisable. It is essential, of course, in a case of this kind that private animosities be forgotten, and a united effort be made for the common welfare of the community. We have too much faith in the progressive and public-spirited citizenship of this fine part of the Okanagan to doubt that once the initiative is taken, a prompt and efficient remedy for existing troubles may easily be found.

INTERNATIONAL BLACKMAIL.

Although the United States has shown a marked reluctance to interfere with the domestic affairs of European nations, it manifests no such delicacy in regard to this continent. This may be due to the fact that the interests involved in the one case are merely those of humanity, while in the other they touch the sacred ark of American trade and industry. At any rate, this marked mobility of principle presents itself conspicuously, and nowhere more so than in the impudent attempt that is being made in Washington to bluff or blackmail Canadian provinces into the cancellation of certain export restrictions affecting the pulp and paper industry. For many years the United States has been engaged in squandering its pulpwood resources, waking up to the danger of exhaustion only when that danger had become a practical reality. Conservation, when conservation and reforestation might have meant something, received no thought and, so far as its resources in raw materials were concerned, the pulp and paper industry drew with persistent recklessness, not only upon its interest but upon its capital, and now it feels the pinch.

For this instructive demonstration in national and industrial economics, certain politicians at Washington, acting, presumably, out of a disinterested regard for the earnings of the American pulp and paper industry, propose that Canada shall be made to pay, and if Canada is unwilling to foot the bill, then Canada must be bludgeoned into submission. Nothing less than that is meant by the resolution passed by the United States Senate asking for the appointment of a commission to "negotiate" with Canadian representatives with a view to the removal of the provincial embargoes on the export of pulpwood upon crown lands. The offer to negotiate is backed by a threat that, if the embargoes are not removed, the United States will stop coal and cotton shipments into this country.

One of the leading exponents of this friendly and disarming method of opening international negotiations is Senator Underwood of Alabama, the gentleman who, a few years ago, presided over the ways and means committee of the House of Representatives and gave his name to the Democratic tariff. Presenting his views to the committee on foreign affairs, Mr. Underwood said that United States paper mills could not be operated at capacity without the free importation of Canadian pulpwood. He said that the United States had been more than liberal in its trade policy with Canada, giving liberally of coal and cotton and providing a market for 85 per cent. of Canadian newsprint. This is what is known in the United States as "bunk." The United States trade policy has been set as much in Canada and buy as little as possible, a strictly business policy, and the American market for Canadian newsprint is due to the very condition which Mr. Underwood now seeks to correct by what he calls retaliatory measures.

Embargoes on the export of pulpwood—so far from being a new thing—have been in force for a number of years. They were imposed for the protection and development of home industry, the principle being identical with that of a protective tariff, a principle not unknown or unfavored by the United States. The embargoes against the export of sawlogs are still older. These restrictions, which apply only to wood cut upon lands leased from the crown, are designed to reserve Canadian raw material for the benefit of Canadian industry, of Canadian labor, and for the furtherance of Canadian prosperity.

Another Washington witness, a paper manufacturer, is quoted as saying that two to three millions invested in Canadian pulpwood lands had been a dead loss, the implication being that some Canadian authority had broken faith with the American investor. The plain truth, which is not noticeably present in the statements of these witnesses, is that any company or individual holding timber limits in this country can use them if he chooses, by erecting a mill in Canada. That is what the Michigan lumbermen did when the supply of Ontario sawlogs was stopped; that is what a protective measure is for. Moreover, the Canadian embargoes are not discriminatory. They place the Canadian manufacturer and the American manufacturer upon an absolutely equal footing as regards the use of Canadian pulpwood. No mention seems to have been made of that essential feature of the case at Washington.

A forced analogy is sought between Canadian exports of pulpwood and American exports of such raw materials as coal and cotton. Canada unquestionably requires both coal and cotton, and gets both from the United States. So far as coal is concerned, there is no analogy whatever. Coal is a raw material when it leaves the mine and is still a raw material when it enters the furnace. It passes through no process of manufacture, and, therefore, the principle of industrial protection cannot apply to it. The case of cotton is different, but a discriminatory embargo on raw cotton as a measure of retaliation for a pulpwood embargo, which is not discriminatory, would be a thing difficult to justify. Perhaps Mr. Underwood can do it.

MORE CANADIAN STEEL.

The organization of the British Empire Steel Corporation is, says the Toronto Mail and Empire, an event in industrial history, but whether it will turn out for the special advantage of Canada remains to be seen. If the control of the large companies involved had to pass either to American or to British interests, then it is much preferable that the link should be with British interests. The British steel output has been only nine or ten million tons a year, whereas Germany's before the war was nearly twenty million tons, and the United States' now is nearly forty. The strengthening of the Motherland in this respect is of value to the Empire in general.

But Canada has now far too little pig iron and steel billet production. Users of pig iron are practically dependent on the United States, and Canadian steel billets are hardly more plentiful. If the policy of the British Empire Steel Corporation is to supply the Canadian market first, and to ship only surplus to Britain, the expansion of production will be of two-fold benefit. But if the semi-finished material goes mainly to Britain, whence it will be sent to the European Continent, to Asia, Africa and other parts of the globe, our rich deposits on the Atlantic coast will be used mainly as a source of raw material for the mining of coal, and the smelting of Newfoundland iron ore, are two primary processes in the production of steel. It may be true that, against the competition of the United States Steel Corporation, the Bethlehem Steel Company, and other American producers, the Canadian steel companies cannot develop a wide export market. But at least their production of steel is available for the home market, and the Canadian raw materials used in making it are applied to the service of Canadian consumers.

The true Canadian policy, in the opinion of the Toronto paper, is the development of our natural resources and the building up of our own industries. The processes of manufacture through to the finished product ought to be carried on in Canada. Let the outside world get the finished Canadian products, not our raw material wherewith to compete with Canadian industry.

In this connection it will be remembered that at the last session of our B. C. Legislature, Hon. Mr. Sloan gave expression to opinions which seemed to indicate that he has no hopes of getting a smelting plant and rolling mills from private enterprise, though in 1918 legislation was passed for a bonus on pig iron of \$3 a ton from local ore and \$1.50 a ton from imported ore. This legislation is to be operative until 1925. British Columbia has magnetite and hematite ore in large quantities, and plenty of coal and water-power. It is upon electric smelting of iron ore that Hon. Mr. Sloan's hopes are based, even though enterprise in that direction in Eastern Canada has had limited success. In his address to the Legislature he said:

"Members of the House may be interested to know that the Government has taken a direct hand in assisting in experiments with our magnetite ores, and that much of the time of William M. Brewer, one of the district mining engineers, is being devoted to the supervision of this working, and the obtaining of further information regarding the extent and character of the iron ore deposits of British Columbia. In this connection it is interesting to note that there is now an application before the department from Mr. Agass of Los Angeles, who has a furnace designed along the lines of that recommended by Dr. Alfred Stansfield, with whose report on the feasibility of the electro-thermic treatment of the magnetite iron ores of British Columbia the members are familiar. By his process the ore is reduced to the metallic iron outside or fuel-fired furnace and afterward precipitated in the electric furnace."

The magnetite ore of British Columbia which has been treated in blast furnaces for test purposes assayed 52 1/2 per cent., which is a high grade. Hematite in large quantities has been discovered, and this would make much easier the utilization of the magnetite. It is not beyond the bounds of possibility that the newly formed steel and coal merger may yet be induced to extend its operations in the direction of establishing an industry of this nature in British Columbia.

HARMFUL PUBLICITY.

Had the war been lost to the Central Empires, post-mortem investigations might appropriately have been carried on among the Allies to find exactly where the fault lay, and to punish those guilty of negligence or incapacity. But the war having been won decisively, it seems a pity that we should find various military leaders quarrelling among themselves. Especially is this tendency noticeable in the United States, where the question has been dragged into politics. In Great Britain there have been inquiries into various incidents of the struggle in which it appeared that incapacity had resulted in the needless loss of life, or where insubordination had serious consequences. The verdict in these cases were given and there the matter ended, without effect upon politics, and certainly without any injurious reflections being cast upon any friendly power. In the course of the Congressional investigation into the charges of unpreparedness made by Admiral Sims against the Navy Department, the fact has come to light that the chief director of naval operations, Admiral Benson, warned Sims, then about to visit England when the United States was on the verge of war with Germany, not to let the British "pull the wool over his eyes," because the United States would "just as soon fight the British as the Germans." Admiral Benson, Secretary Daniels and others have retorted that Sims was "pro-British," as though that were an offence.

Most unfortunate in its implications is the publication of a speech delivered aboard a United States war vessel before it departed for the North Sea, in which, speaking as he thought privately, President Wilson intimated that the British Admiralty was wedded to precedent, unwilling to take a chance, and generally was mismanaging the campaign against the submarines. He told his hearers that they ought to forget that such a word as "prudence" existed, and that it was by audacity that things were accomplished. There is no evidence that this advice of a phrase-making civilian was regarded. Had it been,

Births, Marriages and Deaths

BORN.
FRENCH—On Monday, May 24th, at the Vernon Jubilee Hospital, to the wife of Mr. H. Stanley French, a daughter, Eleanor Isabel. 14-19

Coming Events

A baby clinic will be held under the Child Welfare Committee in the Court House, June 1st, commencing at 2 p.m. in connection with Mrs. V. S. MacLachlan's lecture on Public Health. Mothers are asked to register their babies at Berry's Drug Store, Free 13c. Age for babies, 2 years and under. Everyone welcome. Music and afternoon tea. 14-1

what disasters might have occurred, the responsibility for which might well have rested with the President! It is not the business of outsiders to give opinions upon matters which concern the United States alone, but surely it is a pity that such investigations as that concerning the United States Navy Department cannot be held in private, especially when in their course it seems likely that criticism of friendly and associated Powers will be developed.

THE ZIONISTS REJOICE.

On Tuesday last 50,000 Jewish men, women and children marched up Fifth Avenue, New York, with numerous emblems proclaiming friendship for Great Britain. The procession included a contingent of 1,500 members of the Jewish Legion, which fought in Palestine, clothed in the British military uniform and carrying a banner inscribed, "We are proud of the share we had in the redemption of Palestine under the British flag."

Similar processions are taking place all over the United States and in every country containing Jewish colonies. Toronto saw last Sunday a parade of 35,000 Jews, rejoicing in the acceptance by the British Government of a mandate for their homeland. The Zionist movement has stirred the hearts of the greater part of the Jewish race. In the United States it is estimated that 90 per cent. of the Jewish population are fervent Zionists. They will be a powerful influence in counteracting anti-British propaganda.

The trust which Jewish people all over the world have put in the British Government is one which it will not betray. They were electrified when Mr. Balfour, in November, 1917, declared that Palestine would be made their national home. They have cherished his utterance as a sacred promise. Presumably it was given with a full recognition of the difficulty of implementing it. There is a preponderating Moslem majority, mainly Arabian, in Palestine, and the Arabs base on this fact claims which would exclude Jewish political aspirations. One of the first tasks of the Zionists in the Holy Land will be to promote the immigration of their own people. Properly developed the country will sustain a much greater population than it now contains. The Zionists have an opportunity at last to realize the dreams and hopes of centuries. They have a State, and their work will be to recreate a nation.—Toronto Globe.

ARTIFICIAL WOOL.

Leeds, May 26.—Experiments are being conducted at the Textile Institute in manufacturing, by chemical process, artificial wool from cellulose, derived from cotton waste. These efforts are said to have been very successful, and although it is only a "substitute" for wool it is said to have great wearing possibilities, especially if used with other fabrics.

SIR GEORGE PERLEY TO GO TO SPA.

Ottawa, May 22.—Sir Robert Borden announced in the House today that Sir George Perley, High Commissioner in London, would represent Canada at the conference of the Allies at Spa.



The Nurse

Who Knows

us, measures out the medicines we have prepared with full confidence in their effectiveness. Our faithfulness and accuracy in filling prescriptions are well known to physicians and nurses. We never substitute and we never fail to check up ingredients, so mistakes are impossible.

THE Vernon Drug Co.
Phone 192
Mail and Telephone Orders promptly attended to.

Co-operative Societies in Great Britain have now over four million members.—There's a reason.

Quality Groceries at Right Prices

Keiler's and C. & B. Marmalade, 4-lb. tins.....\$1.25
Keiler's and C. & B. Marmalade, 7-lb. tins.....\$2.10
Malkin's Best Marmalade, 4-lb. tins.....\$1.15
Fray Buetos Corn Beef, No. 1 tins.....50c
Sunset Dyes, 2 for.....25c
Co-op Tea, per lb.....60c
Co-op Coffee, fresh ground, per lb.....60c
Jelly Powders, 2 for.....25c
Klondyke Soap, 3 1/4-lb. bars.....40c
Choice Dairy Butter, per lb.....70c

The Okanagan Co-operative Association, Limited

PHONE 96

Local Representatives for T & D Clothes for men—made to measure and to fit. Come in and see the samples.

Twentieth Century Ready Cut Houses

Stand Proven as the only

genuine solution of the

House Problem Today.

Illustrated catalogue from

A. S. DODD

SOLE DISTRICT AGENT

Phone 422

Office: Seventh Street, Vernon

Are You Selling Cream or Making Dairy Butter?—

It will no doubt be of interest to the Cream Producers of the Vernon district to know that we are adding a CREAMERY DEPARTMENT to our VERNON BRANCH and we will be ready to receive Cream TUESDAY, MAY 25th.

Every year the spread between the prices being paid for BUTTER FAT and those received for DAIRY BUTTER have increased, and consider the time and labor involved in making the butter on the farm, when you can sell your Cream to BURNS' CREAMERY and receive payment for each can.

Investigate our method of handling CREAM SHIPMENTS. We make it EASY for you to dispose of all the Cream you can produce at the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

OUR PRICE, EFFECTIVE MAY 25TH, 75c PER POUND BUTTERFAT F.O.B. SHIPPING POINT.

We mail you a BANK MONEY ORDER for each shipment the next mail after receipt of shipment.

Write us for information, cream cans, etc.

We Pay All Transportation Charges

P. Burns & Co., Limited

Oddfellows' Hall
Sat., May 29
Admission 50c.
WAR TAX EXTRA

Good Music. A light lunch will be available at a reasonable price

DANCE

A Carload of Frost & Wood Mowers and Rakes

to arrive this week

Frank S. Reynolds
Vernon, B.C.

Empress

TODAY AND FRIDAY

King W. Vidor's great family picture

"The Family Honor"

It deals in personalities; places you in closer touch with the man and woman of every day circumstances. Also

"CONSIDERING POSEY"

(Chester Outing)

"PEARS AND A PEACH"

(Christie Comic)

SERIAL PATRONS NOTICE

Owing to the local amateur performance being held next Monday, the next episode of our serial will be shown this Friday.

Matinee, 3.30, 10c and 20c. Evening, 7.30 and 9. 20c and 35c.

SATURDAY, MAY 29

LILA LEE

—in—

"The Heart of Youth"

A daughter of the mountains, nourished on a diet of feuds and bitter drugs, but youth predominates. You have seen the older types of feud story. Yes, but you have seen nothing just so clever, so absorbing, with as much enchantment and then that thread of humor you find in this superior picture. Also the comedy

"CHOOSE YOUR EXIT"

Matinee, 3.30, 10c and 20c. Evening, 7.30 and 9.15, 20c and 35c.

MONDAY, MAY 31

"Hello Vernon" Revue

in aid of

The Vernon Jubilee Hospital

under the auspices of

VIMY RIDGE, I.O.D.E.

Prices 75c and \$1.00. Seats selling at Berry's store.

TUESDAY-WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1-2

LOOK

Mary Robert Blackart's famous story

LOOK

"23½ Hours Leave"

featuring

MacLean and May

Oh, it's not a war picture, but a romance of love's staggering adventures with enough of those exciting laugh mix-ups to flavor a half dozen pictures. You read it in the Saturday Evening Post! Now see it on the screen. It's a corking good picture.

Matinee, 10c and 20c. Evening, 20c and 35c.

Coming Thurs. and Fri., June 3rd & 4th **D. W. GRIFFITH'S "The IDOL DANCER"**

TOWN AND DISTRICT

J. Speer was a passenger to Vancouver by yesterday's train.

W. A. Ferguson left yesterday on a business trip to the coast.

M. J. O'Brien left on Saturday for Winnipeg, and expects to be away for about a month.

E. P. Davis, the well-known Vancouver burlesque, came in on Monday to attend the Assizes here.

H. M. Winslow, secretary of the B.C. Traffic and Credit Association, returned on Saturday from a business trip to the coast.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Campbell left on Saturday for Toronto and other eastern points. They will be away for about a couple of months.

Messrs. Pout and Beattie of the Hudson's Bay Store returned on Thursday from the coast, having attended the big celebration of the company's 250th anniversary at Vancouver.

Colonel Edgett will speak in St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church on Sunday at 7.30 p.m. in connection with affairs concerning our returned men. This service will be of great importance and many veterans are expected to attend. The pastor will preach as usual at 11 a.m.

M. Hagen of Armstrong was in town yesterday.

Harry Mills of Kelowna is a visitor to the city this week.

L. Gasparone left on a business visit to Merritt on Monday.

Supt. Lee of the Dominion Express Company was a visitor to the city last week.

Thos. Murray, an old-timer of the Kelowna district, spent a couple of days in town last week.

F. R. Johnson, C.E., of the Commonage, who has spent the past five or six years in India, returned this week on a year's leave.

Monday being a holiday, there was no meeting of the City Council this week. A special meeting will be held this afternoon.

Mrs. D. W. Spice left by Tuesday's train for Yorkton, Sask., having been summoned to that prairie city by the news of the serious illness of a sister.

The baseball game between Vernon and Enderby, which was to have been played here this afternoon, has been called off as Enderby has been unable to put its full team in the field for this game.

The Outing Club of the Baptist Church passed the 24th very pleasantly in a mountain climbing trip, followed by an old-fashioned picnic on the hilltop, with a magnificent view of picturesque Vernon in the distance.

Mrs. Haldane was a passenger to the coast by Friday's train.

N.H. Caesar of Okanagan Centre is a visitor to the city this week.

F. N. Hales of Armstrong was a visitor to Vernon last Saturday.

R. E. Berry returned on Saturday from a business trip to the coast.

W. L. Mitchell left yesterday on a business trip to Banff and Calgary.

Mr. Foley-Bennett of Penticton is among the visitors to the city this week.

Miss Musgrove of G. A. Hankey & Co. spent the week-end on a visit to Sicamous.

Mr. Watson of the Grand Trunk Railway office, Vancouver, spent a few days here this week on a visit to his sister, Mrs. R. Gillespie.

Chief Justice Hunter motored over from Kamloops on Monday to preside at the Spring Assizes which opened here on Tuesday afternoon.

"Jack" Hope, a former resident of Vernon, now living at Penticton, passed through yesterday on his way south from a visit to Armstrong.

R. Gillespie, Inspector of Pre-emptions and Range Lands, left yesterday on an official visit to the lower Okanagan and Similkameen districts.

Attention is called to the advertisement in this issue of the Women's Institute announcing the dates of Mrs. McLachlan's addresses at various points in the district.

Big preparations are being made by the Lumby people for a dance which will be held tomorrow (Friday) night in Ormsby's Hall, and which promises to attract a large attendance from this city.

The B. Y. P. U. of the Baptist Church enjoyed a "mystical" party at the home of Pastor Lockhart on Friday evening last. After an interesting programme, the young people spent a social hour or two in a "medical sociable."

J. J. Dutton of Vancouver was in Vernon this week on business connected with some property which he owns in the city. Mr. Dutton is very pleased with the general appearance of this district and intends to visit it again at an early date.

Major H. E. Denison has been appointed district water superintendent by the Coldstream Municipality, succeeding J. Sunderland who recently resigned this position to take the secretaryship of the White Valley Irrigation and Power Company.

The Vernon Lawn Tennis Club opened their season on Saturday last when there was a good attendance of players. Three courts are available for play any day in the week, club days being Wednesday and Saturday afternoons. Any information may be obtained from the secretary, H. F. Beattie.

The W. M. S. of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church will hold a reception in the church hall from 3 to 6 on Friday, 28th inst., to which all ladies of the congregation are cordially invited. Reports will be read by delegates to Missionary Conferences held at Kamloops and Calgary. Tea will be served, and a very enjoyable time is expected.

H. Morley, president of the Penticton Board of Trade, returned home on Saturday after attending the meeting of the Western Boards of Trade at Calgary, where, according to newspaper reports, he very ably presented a resolution calling for the prohibition of the purchase or leasing of land by Orientals. A report of this meeting will be found on another page.

Geo. Woods and A. T. Howe, who had attended the Methodist Conference at Vancouver, reached home last week. They brought the word that in the final draft of the stationing committee it had been decided to make a change in the pastorate of the Vernon Methodist congregation. Rev. Thos. Keyworth will be transferred to Ferris Road in East Vancouver, and will be succeeded here by Rev. W. Dean of Vancouver.

G. E. Street, Supt. of the Vernon office of the Provincial Government's Employment Service, reports that for the week ending last Saturday 43 men were registered for employment. Of these 26 were returned men and 27 were civilians. Vacancies to the number of 63 were reported and 16 were cancelled. Employment was found for 42 men, of whom 17 were returned soldiers. At the present there are 172 vacancies unfilled and 28 applicants for work unplaced, of whom 13 are returned men.

The case of D. Cameron, charged with supplying intoxicants to Indians, was further adjourned last Saturday for a week, by Magistrate L. Norris, in order to give time to have the short-hand notes transcribed. Alex. Porteous was fined \$15 for a contravention of the Motor Act, he being charged with driving a car while under the influence of liquor. These cases arose out of the recent inquest into the death at D. Cameron's house at Slocan Creek of Louis Berclier, a half-breed living on the reserve at the head of the Lake. We were in error last week in stating that Porteous would be tried on a similar charge to that laid against Cameron.

Has anyone a white elephant? "Tuoy" Bible Class have been asked by the Women's Hospital Auxiliary to take charge of a "white elephant" booth on June 3rd, 4th and 5th, at the Vernon Jubilee Hospital. At a special business meeting of the class, Mr. H. J. Phillips was appointed convener of the committee in charge. In the near future you will probably be called upon by seekers after white elephants, so if you have books, games, articles of clothing or anything else of no particular use to you but which may be of use to some one else contribute it to the booth and let your white elephant help build the fund for the hospital. Articles for the booth may be left with Mrs. H. J. Phillips or members of Tuoy Bible Class—Com.

A well attended meeting of water users under the White Valley Irrigation and Power Company's system was held on Friday night in the Board of Trade room with Manager Wollaston of the Coldstream Branch in the chair. The meeting was addressed by Major McDonald and Mr. Davis of the Water Department, who thoroughly explained the procedure necessary to follow in order to organize a water municipality, and Mr. K. C. MacDonell, M.P. Assurance was also given by these gentlemen that ample water could be conserved to supply all the requirements of the users, including those in the Coldstream district. A committee was appointed to consult further on the matter, and it was considered probable that the result would be the formation of one water district to take in the White Valley Company's system and the systems of the Coldstream Municipality. The committee appointed at this meeting consists of the following: J. T. Muir, Geo. Heggie, P. Dickson, May and Douglas McLean, in a production showing in a remarkably taking style the humorous side of army life.

Our advice is: "Don't miss this picture!"

IF THE CLOTHES DON'T
MAKE GOOD—WE WILL.

Young Men's Suits for Spring \$40

When young men see these new Spring Suits, they know they have the last word in good, smart styles. They are distinctly Models for Young Men; the liveliest and most distinctive styles offered; nothing freakish.

You'll notice that the coats are longer; the openings of the coats and vests are lower; the lapels are lower and the notches for the most part are square. Popular styles are plain—one, two and three button; single-breasted designs with slanting, flat pockets. Then, there is the double-breasted Suits which will continue to be favored by many Young Men. These new Models for Spring show all the new style notes. By "plain," however, we don't mean that there isn't plenty of style in these Clothes. There's style in the drape; in the lines; in the general air. It takes unusual skill to make plain garments distinctive—but there is distinctive style tailored in every line of these Suits. A few of the more popular weaves and colorings are Overplaids; Club-checks, Herringbones, Double-stripes and two-tone mixtures—and, of course, the usual plain colors in Grey, Brown and Blue.

Without a doubt, there is more satisfaction—by satisfaction, we mean longer wear, correct style, perfect fit—in these Suits for every dollar you invest—than any Suit that you have seen in many a day. Of course, you would expect us to say this, but, to prove to you our sincerity, let us add: If you are not satisfied after giving one of these Suits the test of wear—return it and get your money back.

PRICE.....\$40

OTHERS AT
\$30, \$35, \$45, \$50

F.W.BROWNE & CO

"THE STORE FOR MEN"



Quality, Value, Service; we think they are the basis of your satisfaction. Test our Clothes by wear; if you're not satisfied, money cheerfully refunded.

R. G. L. Clarke, Chief Dominion Fruit Inspector for B. C., is making one of his periodical trips through the district this week.

E. M. Carruthers of Kelowna is in town this week, being here as a witness in the case of Gavin vs. the Kettle Valley Railway which is now on trial at the Assizes.

Vernon presented a somewhat degraded appearance on the 24th. Nearly every available car took a full load of pleasure seekers to Kelowna, and it is estimated that fully a thousand of Vernon's citizens took in the celebration there that day.

An interesting event should be the baby clinic which will be held under the auspices of the Child Welfare Committee of the Women's Institute next Tuesday afternoon at the court house commencing at two o'clock. This will be held in connection with Mrs. McLaughlin's lecture on "Public Health," and will no doubt attract a large attendance. Mothers of babies two years of age and under should register their early at it. E. Berry's drug store. The lecture will be in the evening at eight o'clock.

"The Family Honor," which will be presented at the Empress today and tomorrow, is a picture that has won high acclaim from the critics and reviews. It possesses all the glamour of "Dixie Land" with the beautiful women the romance and the chivalry of the South. This is the first production for the First National and will prove to be well worth seeing. On Saturday another fine film will be "The Heart of Youth," in which Lila Lee is the star. This can be recommended with entire confidence as a picture bound to please the most exacting patron of the movies. On Monday the stage will be held by the Vimy Ridge Chapter with their vaudeville show, and on Tuesday and Wednesday a splendid Artcraft picture will be shown entitled "Twenty-three and a Half Hours' Leave." This introduces a new pair of Ice stars, Doris May and Douglas McLean, in a production showing in a remarkably taking style the humorous side of army life.

Our advice is: "Don't miss this picture!"

Miss Ramsay and Miss Price of the public school teaching staff spent the week-end at Sicamous, and brought back glowing accounts of a fishing excursion on Mara Lake.

A. R. Dingman, who is in charge of the market reports page of the Vancouver Daily Province, is making a trip through the Okanagan this week and will be in town on Tuesday.

R. W. Paton of Coldstream returned yesterday from Vancouver. Mrs. Paton, who recently underwent a successful operation in the Vancouver hospital, will remain at the coast for two or three weeks.

A. H. McNeill, K.C., of Vancouver came in on Monday and is engaged as counsel for the plaintiff in the case of Gavin vs. the Kettle Valley Railway which is now engaging the attention of a jury at the Assizes.

The thermometer dropped below freezing point for a couple of nights last week, and some damage is reported to the fruit buds in parts of the district. It is thought, however, that the injury is not wide-spread nor of a very serious nature.

Rev. T. Caldwell, a missionary who has spent a number of years in China, spent a few days here this week on a visit to his brother, who has taken up land under the Soldier Settlement Act near Enderby. He was driven out through the Coldstream orchard district on Tuesday by Isaac Harris, and some of the members, especially the gentlemen, grew quite warm over it. But there was a challenge in the lesson to each member of the class, as was shown very forcibly by the teacher. The class was honored by a visit from the former president, Mr. G. Goddard, who came in from Kamloops for the week-end and took part in the Sunday session—Com.

Rev. Thos. Keyworth, who had been attending the Methodist Conference at Vancouver, reached home by yesterday's train. While at the coast Mr. Keyworth had the misfortune to be laid up by an attack of inflammatory rheumatism by which he was confined to the hospital for several days.

The revue vaudeville entertainment which will be given next Monday night at the Empress by the Vimy Ridge Chapter of the Daughters of the Empire promises to be an event of more than ordinary interest, and we advise those who intend to be present to secure their tickets without delay.

Henderson's Vernon-Kamloops stage leaves Kamloops Hotel, Vernon, daily at 1 p.m. Leaves Kamloops for Vernon daily at 7 a.m. Reservations made at Kamloops Hotel. F. E. Henderson, Prop., Kamloops, B.C. Phone 300, 14-17

STRONG POSITION REPORTED BY BANK OF MONTREAL

Expansion of Business in Canada
Feature of Half-Yearly Statement—Deposits Have Increased Over \$77,000,000 in Past Year.

Montreal, May 24.—The Bank of Montreal statement for the six months to April 30th is a particularly reassuring document. During the past year the bank, along with the industries of the country, have been readjusting their business from war to peace conditions. On account of the strong position it has maintained, the Bank of Montreal has been able to take care of a very large proportion of the expanding business of the Dominion and as a result it reports an increase for the year of \$70,000,000 in current loans to Canadian manufacturers and municipalities.

The statement of the leading bank of the country will attract special attention under present conditions, as it will afford an opportunity of determining the financial position of the

Dominion and the ability of our banks to meet any conditions which may arise in the country.

As compared with a year ago there is a marked expansion in all departments and as a result total assets now stand at \$571,150,138, against \$489,271,157 a year ago. Of the total assets, liquid assets amount to \$302,821,820, against \$235,980,708 last year, while total current loans and loans to cities, etc., have gained to \$253,637,259, compared with \$183,668,838, an increase of \$69,968,421.

Growth of Deposits.

Both classes of deposits have shown steady advances during the year, and deposits not bearing interest now stand at \$157,790,000, against \$124,736,000 a year ago, while deposits bearing interest have now reached a total of \$312,217,174, up from \$268,167,111. This represents a gain in total deposits for the year of approximately \$77,000,000.

The Profit and Loss Account shows a slight gain as compared with the corresponding period in the previous year. This is probably due to the very much larger business the bank is now handling. Net profits for the six months to April 30th amounted to \$1,802,585, as compared with \$1,751,237 in the corresponding period last year. After the payment of dividends and making provision for bank premises and war tax, the balance carried forward totalled \$2,090,440, against \$1,661,614 at the end of April a year ago.

Throughout the unprecedented conditions of the war period the Bank of Montreal was reported to be following a very conservative policy, in order to prepare for any conditions which might arise during the period of readjustment. The country is now reaping the advantage of this policy and at the same time the bank is in a position to keep pace with the expanding business of the country.

THE KING'S PLATE

Toronto, May 24.—The King's Plate, the classic race of the Canadian turf was won by the Woodbine track today by St. Paul, single March was second and Primo third.

Our Two Week's Sale

started off with a rush, and is still going strong. Now is your chance to procure your requirements in new and seasonable goods at A DISCOUNT OF 20% off regular prices—for cash. A remarkable feature of this sale is the number of articles which our 20% Discount reduces from a taxable rate under the new Luxuries Tax to below the minimum, so that not only do you get our 20% Discount off but in many instances you save 10% being added on for Revenue Tax.

MEN'S SUITS—Our 20th Century Suits need no boosting. Come and get yours and save 20% and in some cases 10% extra.

MEN'S SEASONABLE UNDERWEAR—the right weight for the warm weather.

LADIES' SUITS AND DRESSES in the most up-to-date styles, in all shades and at all prices.

BOOTS AND SHOES—We have a full selection of Canvas Shoes in White, Brown and Palm Beach for summer wear.

GROCERY DEPARTMENT

In this Department we are giving 5% Cash Discount on everything except Sugar, Flour and Feed.

Fresh Vegetables for the Week-end.

ADAMS & CO. Limited

PUBLIC SUPPLY STORE

Phone 382; Office 176.

Goods Delivered Free.

Vulcanizing and Re-treading

Rib tread re-treading by the latest DRY CURE process. All work done on the shortest notice by expert tradesmen. We guarantee our work. Prices reasonable.

VERNON TIRE WORKS

Next Megaw-Smithers Garage. Phone 364 Mission St., Vernon

THINK TWICE

before deciding to place orders with solicitors for goods which can be bought in town. Remember that each dollar sent to outside houses robs this community of that much capital.

Spend Money Where Earned

and a good proportion of it will come back to you through wages from employees. The more patronage that is left in the city, the more employees there will be to spend their earnings.

Remember This When in Need of Printing

The Vernon News

We carry a

Full Line of Flour and Feed

Also Rolled Oats, Oyster Shell, Grit, Charcoal and Bone Meal
We Solicit a Share of Your Patronage

FREE DELIVERY WITHIN THE CITY LIMITS

Co-operative Farmers of B. C., Limited

J. P. MARTIN, Secretary.

Phone No. 50.

Warehouse, 602 Pine Street

TRY A VERNON NEWS WANT "AD"

to have a brass band once more. Much credit is due to Mr. L. A. Rathvon, our worthy manager for his enterprise in this connection.

The death of Mr. Charles Robinson occurred on Monday at his home on Fairview avenue. Mr. Robinson had been a resident of Penticton for more than ten years and leaves a large circle of friends. The funeral service was conducted by Rev. Father Bellotti from the Catholic church.

A number of the Chautauqua artists were treated to a joy ride down as far as the Soldier Settlement district on Sunday last, members of the Chautauqua committee here arranging the trip which was greatly enjoyed by those who went, many expressing their surprise at the vast area and of the great promise of development it gives.

Mr. C. W. McColl of the Penticton Department Stores, left last week on a trip to Alberta.

Mr. Hugh Davies, one of Naramata's merchants, motored down to Penticton during Chautauqua week.

Another automobile collision is reported when two cars collided on the Peachland-Summerland road on Wednesday evening, up near Crestview road. It seems that John McKinnon of Peachland was coming south toward Summerland, when he collided with B. W. Silk of Penticton, who was travelling north. Both cars it seems are badly smashed up and the matter has been reported to Constable Arkell of Summerland, who went out to visit the scene of the mix-up.

Much interest already is being taken in the coming dance to be held in Steward's Hall on June 3rd, the King's birthday.

The I. O. O. E. intend to hold a tea on Mrs. D. White's verandah and lawn in the near future and the proceeds are to go toward the local X-ray fund for the hospital, a very much needed thing for our town.

The fortnightly dance held in the Aquatic Club building for members only, was held on Friday evening when there was quite a crowd in attendance. The floor has been enlarged and it is expected that many pleasant evenings of this nature will be looked forward to during the coming season.

The Young People's Association in connection with the Methodist church enjoyed a very pleasant walk over the benches and a basket picnic on Saturday afternoon last.

Subscriptions for the War Memorial Fund are still being received by the treasurer Mr. T. H. Wilson in the Mitchell block.

A very interesting address on Citizenship was given in the Presbyterian church at the regular Young People's gathering on May 12th by Mr. Budge, sr., of Montreal. Mr. Budge emphasized the fact that the day of individual effort has passed and that co-operation is the key note, using as an illustration that the world at large is just a family of nations and that no one nation is independent of the other nations. The musical items were vocal solos rendered by Miss Mary Cleland, the only daughter of Rev. J. A. Cleland of the Anglican church, and Miss Parrott, while Miss Peel acted as chairman.

On Friday and Saturday of last week The Brat was the special feature at the Empress and a large company of people from both north and south of us came in to see the picture.

At the Methodist church on Sunday last in the absence of the pastor, there was two services held, one at 11 a. m. strictly in charge of the Mission Society and a platform service in the evening at 7.30, at which Messrs. Palmer and Braeewell gave splendid talks on the life in the home, following up the subjects of the previous Sunday which was Mothers Day Message. Mr. Glass, sr., had charge of the service, with Messrs. King and Johnston assisting.

Professor R. C. Treherne addressed a meeting of the British Columbia Fruit Growers' Association on Saturday evening last in the council chamber.

Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Murray of Woodruff avenue, have as their guests Mr. and Mrs. P. Smythe and son, and Mr. P. Murray from England, relatives of the former.

A number of the younger boys of our city calling themselves the "Good Time Boys" issued about fifty invitations to their lady friends to a party to be held in Burtch's Hall on Wednesday night last. The boys provided all the refreshments, etc., so that the young ladies need not have left home to enjoy themselves to the full. The early part of the evening was spent in games and the music for the dancing was provided by Mr. Bert Fenton, which continued until midnight. Mrs. Scarff and Mrs. Pope kindly acted as chaperones to the young people and everyone declared a good time was had.

There was a big turnout to the dance given at Naramata in aid of the Summerland hospital, which was held in Mr. J. M. Robinson's hotel. It is said that nearly fifty Penticton people attended and that there will be a good big surplus to turn over to the hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. George Keyes of Peachland, motored down to Penticton one day last week.

Mr. Howard Boudin of Naramata, accompanied by his brother Wesley, came into Penticton on Saturday on business.

There is a rumor around town that the Pat Burns Company of Calgary, may enter the retail business in Penticton.

Mr. F. Hoskins of the A. S. Matthews Co., Vancouver, agents for the British Crown Insurance Co., is spending some time in town and surrounding district writing up policies for his different companies.

Mr. J. B. Phinney, auctioneer, reports a big sale and plenty of people at the auction sale of Dr. Lipsett's household furniture held at Summerland last week.

It is stated that Penticton is to have a big six Chautauqua here next year. The success of the three days held here last week was a record breaker, both financially as well as every one way, and now plans are being made to repeat on the guarantee for another year. The Chautauqua this year justified all expectations and proved itself of great value to the district at large, as people from all parts of the valley flocked into town to attend the gatherings.

The splendid lectures given by Mrs. Bankhurst, Professor Osborn and Dr. J. A. Armand, and the musical numbers were all very rare treats and it is unnecessary here to go into details in this regard, but suffice it to say the Chautauqua was in every way a huge success and Penticton citizens feel proud to be able to have such a fine organization visit them.

The new garage known as the Grand Forks garage on Westside street, was suffered a sad misfortune on Monday forenoon last when a big wind from the lake raked the roof and crashed in the gable end of the building toward the west, knocking down a

considerable portion of the tile, fortunately though there was no one hurt, although two men who were working on the upper floor had miraculous escapes. It is stated that this would never have happened if the windows and doors had been in, but the wind swooped inside and filled the entire building, where as in a few days time the garage would have been closed up and been immune from any kind of wind storms. The damaged end of the building is now all boarded in and when the windows are in the company will carry on business.

Mr. Fred Hoskins insurance adjuster, has been called to Grand Forks, where an automobile accident has occurred.

A baseball score of 2-11 does not look as two evenly matched teams met at the same time. Fact is that never at any time during last Thursday afternoon's Penticton-Kereemoos game was there a positive certainty that the local aggregation would hold the big end of the score of 11 to 2. Fact is until the fourth inning Penticton did not score a single run. About that time the nerve of the lads steadied down to good league tactics. The return game was played in Kereemoos Monday, but the results must of necessity be held over till next issue.

OYAMA

Monday last being Empire Day, many of our neighbors motored to Kelowna to see the sports and games. We noticed very many Vernon cars passing on the Vernon-Kelowna road.

Miss Elliott with a party of school children went for a tramp up the mountains to Island Lake on the 24th. All carried lunches and had a glorious picnic on arriving at their destination. They returned very tired but very happy. The day fortunately was just as it should be for a long climb. Many beautiful wild flowers were brought home by the children.

Women's Institute Meeting.
A regular monthly meeting of the K. W. I. was held May 12th. Mrs. Trask, president in the chair; Mrs. Bowsher, secretary. Correspondence was read from the Alberta Women's Institute concerning the relief work in the drought-stricken areas of Alberta, giving full particulars of conditions prevailing there, also assuring the Institute of the Canadian British or American nationality of the people receiving help. A letter was also read from Miss Murphy, supervisor of the W. I. Relief Depot, giving further particulars on the same matter. Discussion followed, and it was decided to keep an "open sack" at the hall for the clothing contributions to be forwarded by the Institute to the Relief Depot. It was also decided to solicit help from the district (by courtesy of the Oyama notes of the Vernon News). A letter was read from Mrs. Rourke, secretary of the Hospital Auxiliary, Vernon, asking the Institute to undertake a home produce booth in connection with Hospital Field Day, June 3rd.

It was moved by Mrs. Butterworth that the Institute should comply with the request.

A communication was received asking that the K. W. I. undertake the work of registering the women of the district for the new electoral lists. A committee was formed for this purpose. Pamphlet on "Public Health," prepared by Mrs. Wynn, was read by Mrs. Trask. The paper was very interesting and much appreciated by the members present. The hostesses for the social half hour were Mrs. Trask and Mrs. Butterworth.

Committee to attend to registering the women of the district for the electoral lists are: Mrs. C. Brown and Mrs. Rea, West Side; Mrs. G. Jelsey and Mrs. Butterworth, Central; Mrs. Newton, Mrs. Drinkwater and Miss Hicks, East Side.

Miss Brock spent the week-end, including the 24th, at Kelowna.

The wind of the last week has blown the petals off our fruit blossoms, making the beauty of our orchards rather short lived this spring.

We hear that the Vernon Fruit Union intend building quite a substantial and imposing packing house on a siding of the new railroad. In fact we believe it will be about opposite to the union church.

Mr. and Mrs. Coe with Miss Eva Coe were visitors at Oyama on Sunday.

We have a feeling that a wild swan is nesting on our shores. We saw one swimming about the bays for a while this spring and some folks saw "two," so now it must be nesting time—at least we have so arranged matters, hoping they are still with us.

We hope it will turn warm soon, our youngsters are hankering to swim, and "old Sol" seems kind of dull this last week or so.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Allison were visitors at Kelowna last Sunday.

Mr. W. Rea's garage is complete and has a very fine appearance, and is quite an addition to our district.

Did we hear that Oyama intended buying a herd law and a pound, and—but there we dare not hope for too much, and it would be almost heavenly to be able to leave the gate open.

SUMMERLAND

Miss Mayme Johnston came in from Vancouver Saturday morning to spend the week-end and Victoria Day with her relatives here, Mr. and Mrs. Thom. Dale.

Mr. McIntosh, who is a member of the staff of Brandon College, arrived in Summerland to visit with his brother here, Mr. D. H. McIntosh.

Mrs. T. J. McAlpine is back from Vancouver where she had accompanied her mother, Mrs. Grieco, a short while ago.

Mrs. J. Tremblay has returned from a visit to a sister in Idaho, whose illness had called her there.

Mr. C. A. Marshall left for Vancouver the middle of last week.

The G. W. V. A. dance to be held on the night of Victoria Day was called off, being postponed to Friday, the 28th. Holiday arrangements for a general holiday day for the 24th and not suitable as was expected, evidently through oversight and lack of enthusiasm for a general holiday, though many private affairs were arranged for.

The baseball team goes up to Westbank to play the Peachland team there. The local players and substitutes are: Joe and Vernon Gayton, Roy Danks, Harry Vanderburg, W. Brown, Hilton Sinden, Roland Reid, Bernard Taylor, Alex. Matheson, Gordon Blewitt. A number of local fans plan on going along with them.

Enjoy the Holidays

A Thermos Lunch Kit

Will add greatly to your appreciation of the Outdoors. We have a full range

From \$1.50 to \$60.00

Paris Green for Cut Worms

We Stock Only the Best

BERRY'S BOOK AND DRUG STORES

Prescription Specialists

Agents for Page & Shaw's Chocolates

Comfortable

—that's why kiddies like them.

Wear Well

—that's what appeals to parents.

KORKER Hand-Welt Shoes for Children

Fashioned after nature's last. Flexible as a glove, yet staunchly made to provide required support for child's feet, and give unusual wear.

To see them is to appreciate their superior merits. No other shoe like the KORKER.

You'll KNOW they are the RIGHT shoes for YOUR children if you ask the dealer to show you the KORKER kind.

Moderate Priced too.

If your shoe man has not yet got them in stock, send us your address and the size shoe you require.



KORKER SHOE CO. OF B.C. VANCOUVER, B.C.

Since being forced out of the residence they occupied on College Hill, by its sacrifice to the flames last Monday morning, Mr. and Mrs. Hunt and family are at present occupying a house adjacent to Victoria Gardens.

The T. N. Ritchie cottage, that has been acquired by Mr. and Mrs. Jas. H. Ritchie, is undergoing some renovation after which Mr. and Mrs. Ritchie will take up residence there.

On the five-acre lot, opposite Mair Stewart's home orchard lately acquired by Mr. and Mrs. Scott Rand, excavation has begun for a residence, and a garage has already arisen.

Mr. and Mrs. Hiltz and six children are new-comers here and are living at present in the Mellor cottage at the lake front. They have arrived from near Custer, Alberta, and intend to go in for orcharding here.

Mr. P. G. Dodwell, local tennis champion, was successful in winning four games out of five that he played with Mr. Cardinal, one of the star players of the Vancouver Lawn Tennis Club, while Mr. Cardinal was in the valley this week.

Mrs. O. Atkins has returned from a visit to the coast.

Mrs. R. S. Munro of Meadow Valley left recently to visit with her mother in Salt Lake City.

The Canadian Bank of Commerce is erecting an office building of a temporary nature at the flat west of the Campbell block.

Dr. J. E. Affleck, who came into Summerland with the intention of practicing here, went down to the coast last week and will shortly return to occupy other office, which is being installed in Campbell Hill, the hall being divided into offices and rooms for Dr. Affleck and two or three other lodging rooms.

Beginning next Wednesday evening, the Summerland Band will give weekly band concerts alternately in the band stand opposite Hotel Summerland and up on the flat, where a band platform has yet to be provided.

Officers elected at the annual general meeting of the G. W. V. A. held in Summerland were as follows: President, C. E. Bently; first vice-president, S. Bartholomew; second vice-president, John Connor; secretary-treasurer, S. A. Macdonald; executive, Ben Newton, Wm. C. Atkinson, Joe Pennant, Ben Newton was appointed a delegate to attend the provincial convention at Fernie.

Mr. Jas. Burke returned last Thursday from a visit to his farm property in Alberta.

Mrs. Estabrook, sr., left Tuesday of this week for Alameda, California, where she will visit with a brother living there.

The guest of the Burton Hatfield family is Miss MacAloney of Trail. Miss MacAloney several years ago held a position in the office of the Summerland Review here, and is at present paymaster of a larger smelter company at Trail.

The death of Mr. Lewis J. Block the end of last week was very unexpected

and a blow to all who knew him. He had not been ill with "flu" more than a week, after which the complications set in which resulted in his death. Before entering the army he had ranched in Naramata, B.C., where his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Julius Block, live at present. Since his return from overseas, Mr. Block had been living in Summerland. He was a brother-in-law of Mr. Burton Hatfield. Funeral service was held at Naramata on Sunday afternoon.



"WATER ACT 1914"

NOTICE is hereby given that His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia by and with the advice of his Executive Council has been pleased to order:

1. That pursuant to the provisions of Section 59 of the "Water Act 1914" as amended by Section 24 of the "Water Act 1916" and Section 9 of the "Water Act 1914 Amendment Act 1916" that the reservation of the unrecorded waters of Harris Creek and its tributaries including Jones Creek, Vance Creek, Creighton Creek and Nicklen Creek in the Vernon Water District established by Order in Council numbered 121 approved on the 2nd day of June, 1919, and cancelled in respect of the waters of Nicklen Creek by Order in Council numbered 127 approved on the 24th day of January, 1920, be cancelled in respect of all the waters thereby reserved and

2. That notice of such cancellation be published for three months in the British Columbia Gazette and for three months in one issue each month of some newspaper published in the Vernon Water District.

Dated this 18th day of March, A.D. 1920.

"T. D. PATTULLO,"
Minister of Lands.

WATER NOTICE

UNCL. TAKE NOTICE that John and Robert P. White, whose address is Box 262, Vernon, B.C., will apply for a license to take and use 1000 gallons per day of water out of Nicklen Creek, which flows north and drains into Harris Creek about centre of Lot 4177, District lot.

The water will be diverted from the stream at a point about quarter of a mile south of mouth boundaries, E. R. 642 and will be used for domestic purposes upon the land described as Lot 4177, Osoyoos Division of Yale District.

This notice was posted on the ground on the 18th day of May, 1920.

A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto, and to the "Water Act 1914," will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Vernon, B.C.

Objections to the application may be made with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper.

JOHN and ROBERT P. WHITE, Applicants.
By Robert P. White, Agent.
The date of the first publication of this notice is May 27th, 1920. 14-9

WELCOME RELIEF FROM ECZEMA

Complete Treatment That Gives Gratifying Results

WASING, ONT.

"I had an attack of Weeping Eczema so bad that my clothes would be wet through at times.

For four months, I suffered terribly, I could get no relief until I tried 'Fruit-a-Save' and 'Sootha-Salva'.

Altogether, I have used three boxes of 'Sootha-Salva' and two of 'Fruit-a-Save', and am entirely well."

G. W. HALL.

Both these favorite remedies are sold by dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-Save Limited, Ottawa.

'Fruit-a-Save' is also put up in a trial size which sells for 25c.



CANCELLATION OF RESERVE

NOTICE is hereby given that the reserve existing over Lot 4684, Okanagan Division of N. S. District, is cancelled. G. R. NADEN, Deputy Minister of Lands, Lands Department, Victoria, B. C., 27-5.

LAND REGISTRY ACT

In the Matter of Application for a Duplicate Certificate of Title No. 26224, Issued to Chas. F. W. Cover, Lot 22, Block 25, Plan 200, in the City of Vernon.

NOTICE is hereby given that I shall at the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication hereof issue a duplicate Certificate of Title covering the above mentioned lands in the name of Chas. F. W. Cover, inasmuch as no valid objection thereto is made to me in writing.

Dated at the Land Registry Office, Kamloops, B. C., this 26th day of April, A. D. 1920.

H. V. CRAIG, District Registrar.

WATER NOTICE

STORAGE

TAKE NOTICE that we, the undersigned, have been granted and have received Licenses Nos. 1522, 1523, 1524 and 1525, whose address is as shown below, will apply for the use of the storage of 1945 acre feet of water out of:

(a) Island lake which flows West and drains into Lake Okanagan.

(b) A series of lakes on North fork of Okanagan Creek which flows South and West into Lake Okanagan.

The storage dam will be located at outlet of lakes.

The capacity of the reservoir to be created is about 1945 acre-feet, and it will flood about 24 acres of land.

The water will be used for the purpose of generating electricity at the dam.

The dam will be used for irrigation purposes upon the lands described in the license.

Sec. 11, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 12, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 13, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 14, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 15, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 16, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 17, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 18, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 19, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 20, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 21, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 22, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 23, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 24, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 25, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 26, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 27, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 28, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 29, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 30, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 31, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 32, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 33, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 34, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 35, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 36, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 37, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 38, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 39, Tp. 14, R. 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68, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 69, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 70, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 71, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 72, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 73, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 74, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 75, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 76, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 77, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 78, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 79, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 80, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 81, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 82, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 83, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 84, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 85, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 86, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 87, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 88, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 89, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 90, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 91, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 92, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 93, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 94, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 95, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 2, W. 2, Sec. 96, Tp. 14, R. 2, S. 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Corner Eighth and Tronson.
Rev. Thomas Keyworth, Minister.
SUNDAY, MAY 30.
11 a.m.—Morning worship and sermon.
2.30 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible
Classes.
7.30 p.m.—Evening Worship.
Come and enjoy these services. Good
singing. Everybody welcome.

ALL SAINTS CHURCH
MAHA AVENUE
Rector REV. E. P. LATCOCK
TRINITY SUNDAY, MAY 30.
Holy Communion 8 a.m.
Matins 11 a.m.
Sunday School 2.30 p.m.
Evensong 7.30 p.m.

**ST. ANDREW'S
PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH**
MAHA AVENUE
Minister, Rev. Lennox Fraser
SUNDAY, MAY 30.
11 a.m.—"Where there is no vision the
people perish."
7.30—Worship and address by Colonel
Edgett in connection with affairs con-
cerning our returned men.

BAPTIST CHURCH
Corner Tronson and Whitham.
Pastor, Rev. L. A. Lockhart.
SUNDAY, MAY 30.
Morning—"A Sure Thing."
2.30 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible
Class.
Evening—"The Shadow Life." Special
service for parents.
Prayer Service and Bible Study Wed-
nesday at 8 p.m.
B. Y. P. U. Friday evening at 8 p.m.
All welcome to every service.

**ST. JAMES CATHOLIC
CHURCH**
Vernon, B.C.
SUNDAY, MAY 30.
Masses at 9 a.m. and 11 a.m.
Sunday School 10.30 a.m.
Initiation Ceremonies, Knights of Co-
lumbus, commencing at 10 a.m.
THURSDAY, JUNE 3—(Corpus Christi)
Vernon, Mass. 8 a.m.
Lumby, Mass. 10.30 a.m.

**Christian Science
Services** are held in the
Odd Fellows Hall, Vernon, on
Sundays at 11 a.m.

**"People Who Start
Things"**
Come along on Sunday afternoon at 2.30
and spend a pleasant hour with the
RUOY BIBLE CLASS

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Fish Market**
FRESH SUPPLY OF FISH
DAILY
FRESH SALMON
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SOLE
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Oysters, Shrimps and Crabs al-
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New and up-to-date machines with
latest attachments on very easy terms
of payment without interest. Needles
and general accessories. A large
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Office phone 462. Residence phone 2108.

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your next order of Printing**

CORRESPONDENCE

"THE NEW CANADIANISM"
After the undoubted success of the
Chautauqua programme, and especially
after listening to the wholesome
philosophy of Mrs. Pankhurst, it seems
a "skeleton at the feast" sort of action
to attempt any criticism of the enter-
tainment. Still, right is right. State-
ments which are wholly misleading
and in some cases even run at a wide
angle with strict truth should not be
allowed to pass unchallenged.
What Professor Osborne meant by
"New Canadianism" seems doubtful.
There are many who doubt whether the
Professor himself has any clear idea
of what he meant. In any case he
utterly failed to show what we should
do to attain this "New Canadianism."
In fact it seems uncertain whether this
is some new disease to be avoided or
some dead glory that ought to be re-
spected. Probably the idea, in the
speaker's mind was the suggestion of
hope possible to evolve from an in-
judicious mixture of the "new disease"
idea and the "dead glory" idea.
This instinct to glorify the past and
decri the present is common in men
and women over forty-five. It is prac-
tically universal. It must be understood
also that it is a saving and stabilizing
instinct. The bright spots, the clean
inspirations of youth are constantly
brought into contrast with the dull
and the sordid of the present. This is
well. As human society evolves we
must ever cling to the old and purge
out the dross. We need a good re-
freshing professor to tell us this. This
has been man's task since Adam.
A learned professor should show us
how society can be improved, how
mankind can be made happier, how the
beautiful can be made known, that the
ugly may be purged out. From such
an one we look for something con-
structive—something big—something
of the nature of foundation stones. We
heard such commonplace as this: It
is not right to treat a man unjustly
because he speaks a different language
from yourself. Most school boys know
this. Thousands of them are sent on
this point, no sane boy would claim the
contrary.
The Professor also showed a lament-
able weakness in his tendency to lay
down a general proposition from only
one specific example. My stenographer
by inference a finished product of the
public school, misapprehended the
"sail," therefore our Canadian school
systems are worthless. Good teachers
belong only to the good old days when
everybody could spell "sail." This
word was called for in a sentence dic-
tated to a second reader class a few
days ago, out of forty-three pupils,
four had "sail," thirty-nine were cor-
rect. These pupils still have four years
to study spelling before leaving the
public school. There are doubtless a
few unfortunate specimens of humanity
who will never learn to spell that
word, but I question whether there
are small children who went
through the public school and could
not use the word "sail" properly.
Our school system, like everything
human, needs mending. It ought to be
attacked. It ought to be attacked
violently. It ought to be attacked
right now. But let them who try such
an attack first place their feet on a
rock not on sinking sand. Let them
first find out something about the
thing they are to assail. Then they
will know how to direct their shots.
Professor Osborne, if not by direct
statement, certainly by an inference,
practically equal to a direct statement
led his audience to believe that "Gray's
Elegy" was not in our present school
readers. If you believe this, look on
page 88 of the Fourth Reader. He also
led them to believe that the old readers
were infinitely superior to the present
readers. If you believe this get an old
reader and compare it selection by
selection with the present reader. You
may love the old readers better, but
that is because you know them better.
Who loves the unknown
"Gray's Elegy" I take it the readers he
had in mind were the higher readers,
the "old sixth," I have before me the
Fourth Reader, and the Fifth
Reader now in use in the schools of B.
C. Here is a list of the authors from
whose works the chief selections were
made. I have arranged them in order
of frequency: Tennyson leads with
twenty selections. Some of the others
are Wordsworth, Browning, Bryant,
Lowell, Addison, Gray, Holmes, Whit-
tier, Shelley, Coleridge, Milton, Shaks-
peare, New Testament, Topsy (Rock
of Acre), David the Psalmist, Ruskin,
Carlyle, Dickens, Shelley, Browning,
Cardinal Newman, Southey, Longfellow,
Keats, Plato, Thomas J. Kempis (The
Imitation of Christ), Keats, Lord Mac-
Aulay, Washington, Irving, Horace,
Goldsmith, Gladstone, Lord Roberts,
Sir John Macdonald, Wilfrid Laurier,
Joy, Howe.
If the old readers can show a greater
list than the above I should like to see
it. In fact, I am inclined to think
the "old school" will bring along one
of the old books and show where
greater literature was produced in the
Anglo-Saxon world than that produced
by the authors mentioned above. I will
donate fifty dollars to any good cause,
which that old third may name, but
what has all this to do with the
professor's address on "The New
Canadianism?" Just as much as his
speech had to do with it—nothing at
all.

The Printer-Novelist.
Apart from the encouragement which
Howells gave struggling writers, his
own career is in itself an encourage-
ment. Though he had honorary de-
grees from several universities, includ-
ing Oxford, he never entered even a
High School. He educated himself at
the printer's case. His father owned a
paper in Ohio, where Howells was born,
and at the age of twelve the boy began
to learn printing. His first composi-
tions were not made on paper, but were
set directly in type. Later on he be-
came what everybody but newspaper-
men call a "cub" reporter for the Ohio
State Journal. He was then fourteen
years old, and one can imagine how
much conventional schooling he had
received. At the age of twenty-one he
was one of the editors of this impor-
tant paper, and was vainly bombarding
Eastern magazine with his poems. It
is recorded that he was an expert type
setter, a faithful reporter, and as an
editor, a good unusual promise. At the
age of twenty-three he produced a
volume of verse, and shortly after-
wards, by writing a campaign life of
Abraham Lincoln, he made the first im-
portant stroke of his career.

As An Editor.
The book brought him considerable
money which enabled him to quit the
West and go to the East where the
literary readers of the day were to be
met, and attracted the favorable at-
tention of Lincoln, with the result that
he was appointed American consul to
Venice. He formed a friendship with
Longfellow and won the good opinion
of other contemporary writers. Before
leaving up his consulate he had pub-
lished a couple of volumes dealing
with Italian life and when he returned
home, he had already established some-
thing of a reputation as a literary
man. Shortly after his return he
established himself in Boston as as-
sociate editor of the Atlantic Monthly.
He was a good editor and after a few
years resigned, in order to give
himself more time for the production
of novels. After an interlude of a
couple of years spent in Europe he re-
turned to the United States and be-
came editor of "The Editor's Study," a
department of Harper's Magazine. Five
years later he resigned to become the
editor of the Cosmopolitan, but the
connection was not congenial and soon
was severed by Howells.

Some Fine Novels.
Since then he has been engaged al-
most exclusively in the production of
novels, essays and reviews. His
critical faculty was held to be second
to none, and if he made errors of judg-
ment, as some people do, they were
due to generosity. He was an indus-
trious worker and produced as a rule,
two novels a year. He had a suspicion
of work that was easily done and was
a believer in the gentleness of taking
his time. The result was that his no-
vels show no signs of being labored
over, for his last revision smoothed
out the marks of effort. "A Hazard of
New Fortunes" and "The House of
Lopham" are perhaps the best known
of his novels and the two that could
not be read without being recognized as
the average reader. If one doesn't like
them there is no use in going further
with Howells. He had a taste for
choosing his titles from Shakespearean
phrases, as for instance, "A Hazard of
New Fortunes," "A Modern Instance,"
"The Shadow of a Dream," "The World
of Chance" and "The Quality of
Mercy." He had said: "My life was
always full of literature to the burst-
ing," and this seems adequately to
characterize his great career.

CONTROL OF SWARMING
(Experimental Farms Note.)
Swarming is the best natural method
of increasing the number of bees and
is particularly strong under the ex-
tremely favorable conditions for bee
activity of the Canadian spring and
summer.
The uncertainty of swarming, the
loss of honey following the division of
the working force of the colony, the
possibility of swarming out of the
difficulty in preventing swarming in
many parts of Canada without con-
siderable labor, all make the control of
swarming quite the greatest problem in
bee management.
To encourage work in the hive and
to discourage the desire to swarm,
plan of action both to the brood cham-
ber, and in the super, and large
entrances should be given to all col-
onies as soon as conditions are favor-
able, but these measures will not
always be enough to prevent swarming
in many places, especially in the north.
If the colony can be watched all day,
it is good plan to clip the queen's
wings at fruit bloom time. When the
colony swarms, remove the hive to a
new stand place on the old stand an
empty hive, to which the swarm will
return, the queen having been mean-
while picked up and placed in a cage.
If the queen is not picked up, the
colony will swarm again. The queen
will join the swarm and the parent colony
will go so much weakened by their loss
that it is not likely to swarm again.
Where the colony cannot be watched,
the plan of preventing swarming by
examining every brood comb in every
colony every week, and removing the
queen cells as they are found, will
not always be effective. A simpler plan is
to remove the queen at the beginning of
the clover honey flow, and eight or nine
days later, destroy all the queen cells
except one, or destroy all and give a
cell of select percentage. In this
way a young queen is obtained which
will not swarm and, besides, will be
more prolific in the fall and next year
than the old queen, and will be less
likely to swarm next year. This plan,
however, causes a certain amount of
lossing until the new queen starts lay-
ing. This lossing can be much reduced
by placing the queen cell at the time
the queen is removed, and if this
is done early enough before any pre-
parations for swarming have been
started, the bees are unlikely to build

HE HAD SUFFERED FOR FORTY YEARS

**"I Know I Couldn't Hold Out
Much Longer," Says McPhee—
—Troubles Gone Now.**
"I am sixty-two years old and during
the past forty years I can hardly
remember a day that I was free from
suffering but since taking Tanlac I
have gained fifteen pounds and am
feeling like a young man again," was
the statement made by D. McPhee, a
well-known miner who is operating his
mine at Hotham Sound, B. C., recently.
"It does me good to tell the people
about Tanlac for after a man has suf-
fered like I have he learns what good
medicine means, and when I bought this
medicine I bought good health. It was
back in 1880 that my troubles started,
and during these years I spent lots of
money and tried every known medicine
and treatment but in spite of it all I
got worse and worse until I became
practically a wreck. First my stomach
got out of order and I hated to see
meal time come for often just the
smell of food nauseated me. As soon
as I ate a few bites my stomach turned
sour and I would become bloated up
with gas. My heart palpitated ter-
ribly and I had a burning like fire in
my chest. Then I started suffering
with headaches and nearly every day
that came my head hurt, sometimes so
bad that it almost ran me wild. Next
rheumatism set in my feet and legs
and at times I could hardly get around
at all. Then I had awful pains in my
back and they would travel up into my
shoulders so that it was agony for me
to move my arms. My nerves broke
down under the strain and after that
I don't think I slept well a single
night. I suffered from constipation
and had to be taking laxatives all the
time. I fell off in weight until I went
down to one hundred and thirty-five
pounds, was too weak to work and I
knew I couldn't hold out much longer.
"Well, when a man suffers that way,
and for forty years at that, and then
finds a medicine that knocks his
troubles winding, I tell you it makes
him want to go out and tell everybody
he meets about it. Well, that's just
what Tanlac has done for me and as
long as I have a breath left in me I
will continue to shout its praise. I
have an appetite like a bear now,
everything I eat tastes good and I
never have a sign of indigestion after-
wards. I can't tell I ever had rheuma-
tism in my life and the pains in my
back and shoulders have disappeared
entirely. The headaches are gone and
I am no longer troubled with consti-
pation. My nerves are as steady as a
clock. I sleep like a log and I feel so
well and strong in every way that I
want to take my place beside a young
man for I believe I can do as much
work as any man. I am going back to
my work now at the mine and I am
leaving in the morning, and to show
you how much I think of Tanlac I am
carrying several bottles along with me."

Tanlac is sold in Vernon by R. E.
Berry, and by the leading druggist in
every town.—Adv.

further queen cells. Where, however,
one prefers to use the surer method,
only those colonies that are actually
preparing to swarm should be treated,
and for this purpose a quickly ascertain-
ing if a colony is building queen-cells
in preparation for swarming should be
employed. One of the best of these is
to have the brood nest occupy two
chambers, and then by prying up the
upper chamber, one can see at a glance
if the queen cells are being built along
the lower edge of the combs in this
chamber.

In many parts of southern Ontario,
southern Quebec and similar regions
the desire to swarm is strong only
during the first two or three weeks of
the honey flow from clover, and the
preparation for swarming is a matter of
weeks. The queen is bred by a
queen excluder, the queen being put
into a lower chamber containing only
empty combs and foundation, may be
enough to tide the colony over this
period. Another good plan that may
be enough to prevent swarming in this
region is to use two brood chambers
and confine the queen to the lower
chamber. The queen will lay her eggs
early in the honey flow, at which time
the combs in this chamber usually
contain a large number of empty cells.

**METHOD OF
ORCHARD CULTIVATION**
(Experimental Farms Note.)
The method or system of cultivation
to be adopted may be varied to some
extent to meet local conditions. In
reality, however, all systems should be
and in most cases are, a slight modifi-
cation of the "clean cultivation and
cover crop system."
The clean cultivation method, calls
for all the ground under and around
the trees to be ploughed and frequently
harrowed until around July 1st.
This system has much to recommend
it, viz: (1) maximum conservation of
soil moisture, (2) excellent conditions
for liberation of plant food especially
nitrogen, (3) cleanliness and clean-
liness of the orchard and (4) control of
insect pests.
In connection with this either fall or
spring ploughing may be practised,
the former, however, only in those
localities with a favorable enough
winter to permit. The great secret of
successful fruit growing is to have the
ground under the trees kept in a
condition to conserve moisture and lib-
erate plant food to get on the land
as early in spring as possible, other-
wise, if the orchard is not ploughed
until late, most of the advantages of
cultivation are lost.
Modifications of the above consist of
leaving a strip of mow about four feet
in width next to the trees. In old
orchards where it is difficult to get
close to the trees this way may be
practised successfully, in which case
the grass is cut once or twice during
the season and allowed to remain as a
mulch.
In both these instances, on the culti-
vated portion a mulch is maintained
until about July first, when a cover
crop of some sort should be sowed. If
the seed is not too expensive, some
leguminous crop like red clover or
crimson clover at the rate of about 32
pounds per acre for the former and 16
pounds for the latter, or summer vetch
at a rate of 16 pounds per acre is ad-
viseable, as these will add a consider-
able quantity of plant food to the soil.
If too costly, rape may be used as a
cover crop, at the rate of 20 pounds
per acre.
The clean and mulch system, if properly
handled may be advisable on moist
soils where there is abundance of plant
food. This system must not be con-
fused with the sod system, which is not
to be recommended. In the former, for
the first few years grass or old straw
is sowed on to the ground and placed
around the trees to form a mulch. This
practice is continued until the cuttings
from the sod beneath the trees is suf-
ficient in themselves to form a heavy
mulch.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER
C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., President.
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Capital Paid Up, \$15,000,000. Reserve Fund, \$15,000,000
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Your banking requirements may be entrusted to
this Bank with every confidence that careful
and efficient service will be rendered.
Consult the manager.
J. I. E. CORBET, Manager VERNON BRANCH

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recommends its
MONEY ORDERS
as a safe and economical method of remitting amounts up
to \$50. Payable without charge at any branch of any bank
in Canada (Yukon excepted) and Newfoundland.
\$5 and under 3c
Over \$5, not exceeding \$10 10c
Over \$10, not exceeding \$50 15c
Over \$50, not exceeding \$50 15c
Vernon Branch..... W. A. Butchart, Manager
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ROME SESSION IS CONCLUDED

**Council of League of Nations
Has Completed Its
Business.**
Rome, May 25.—The Council of the
League of Nations held its last public
sitting here on Wednesday. Leon
Bourgeois, who presided, declared that
the charter of the League of Nations
had received its final form, in the
Roman capital, which for centuries had
been the cradle of the world.
The Greek representative, recounting
the work already achieved in organiz-
ing the League of Nations, read a tele-
gram that had been sent to President
Wilson, asking the president if he were
disposed to convene an assembly of the
League of Nations on November 15,
preferably in Brussels.
To Be Held at Brussels.
The financial conference originally
fixed for May will take place in June
at Brussels. The delay is due to the
wish that the Brussels conference shall
be informed of the conclusions of the
Inter-Allied financial conference to be
held shortly with a view to fixing the
German indemnity, and the manner in
which it shall be paid. The financial
conference at Brussels probably will
be presided over by ex-President
Adore of Switzerland.
The council of the league adopted a
programme of work to be done, includ-
ing the question of reparations, war
debts and debts contracted abroad by
each country. The estimate of the
country will present a report on its re-
spective foreign debt, internal tax-
ation, currency amount of international
loans, foreign exchange, internal debts,
and regulations regarding imports and
exports.

BIG DECREASE IN U. S. WINTER WHEAT

Washington, May 24. — A winter
wheat crop of approximately 400,000,000
bushels was forecast today by the
United States Chamber of Commerce.
"This estimate may vary 100,000,000
bushels either way," said the announce-
ment. Last year's winter wheat crop
was 731,626,000 bushels, according to
reports of the United States agricul-
tural department. The estimate of the
1920 crop is 484,647,000 bushels, based
on reports May 1.
The short crop estimated for 1920 is
due, the chamber stated, to a scarcity
of farm labor, and a "natural disinclina-
tion of the farmer to commit his land
largely to a crop whose price he ex-
pects to decline when the government
guarantee is removed."

HUNGARY TO SIGN TREATY ON JUNE 4

Paris, May 24. — The peace treaty
with Hungary was decided by the
council of ambassadors today, with
signature in the Grand Trianon Palace at
Versailles on June 4.
The Hungarian delegates presented
to the council three notes, the first of
which announced the resignation of
Count Apponyi as president of the
council, and the second notified the
council of the appointment of Fran-
ceskowski to succeed him. The third
noted Hungary's decision to sign the
treaty and the intention of naming
delegates for that purpose.

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rates. Savings Department
accounts given special
attention.
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and withdrawn, by mail as
easily, readily and safely as
in person.
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All kinds of Cemetery Work

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Grip, Influenza

**Hamil's Wizard Oil a Reliable,
Antiseptic Preventive**
During influenza epidemics spray
the nose and throat several times a
day with one part Wizard Oil and
two parts water, using an atomizer.
If you haven't an atomizer, gargle
the throat and snuff the nostrils up
the nose. This treatment sets up an
antiseptic wall of defense against
"flu" germs.
Chest colds and sore throat lead
to grip. Stop them at once with
Wizard Oil before they can develop
into dangerous influenza.
Get it from druggists for 30c. If
not satisfied, return the bottle and
get your money back.
Ever constipated or have sick head-
aches? Just try Wizard Liver Whip,
pleasant little pink pills, 30c at drug
gists. Guaranteed.

